

**STATE OF FLORIDA
FLORIDA ELECTIONS COMMISSION**

In Re: John Shuff

Case No.: FEC 16-354

TO: Benjamin J. Gibson, Esquire
Benjamin J. Gibson PA
517 East 9th Avenue
Tallahassee, FL 32303

Hugh Taylor
1357 Martin Luther King Jr. Road
Crawfordville, FL 32327

NOTICE OF HEARING (PROBABLE CAUSE DETERMINATION)

A hearing will be held in this case before the Florida Elections Commission on, **August 16, 2017 at 8:30 am, or as soon thereafter as the parties can be heard**, at the following location: **Senate Office Building, 404 South Monroe Street, Room 110-S, Tallahassee, Florida 32399**

Failure to appear in accordance with this notice will constitute a waiver of your right to participate in the hearing. Continuances will be granted only upon a showing of good cause.

This hearing will be conducted pursuant to Section 106.25, Florida Statutes, which governs your participation as follows:

If you are the Respondent, you may attend the hearing, and you or your attorney will have *5 minutes* to present your case to the Commission. However, some cases (including those in which consent orders or recommendations for no probable cause are being considered) may be decided by an *en masse* vote and, unless you request to be heard or the Commission requests that your case be considered separately on the day of the hearing, your case will *not* be individually heard.

If you are the Complainant, you may attend the hearing, but you will *not* be permitted to address the Commission. In addition, some cases (including those in which consent orders or recommendations for no probable cause are being considered) may be decided by an *en masse* vote and, unless the Respondent requests to be heard or the Commission requests that the case be considered separately on the day of the hearing, the case will *not* be individually heard.

If you are an Appellant, and you have requested a hearing, you may attend the hearing, and you or your attorney will have *5 minutes* to present your case to the Commission.

Please be advised that both confidential and public cases are scheduled to be heard by the Florida Elections Commission on this date. As an Appellant, Respondent or Complainant in one case, you will *not* be permitted to attend the hearings on other confidential cases.

The Commission will electronically record the meeting. Although the Commission's recording is considered the official record of the hearing, the Respondent may provide, at his own expense, a certified court reporter to also record the hearing.

If you require an accommodation due to a disability, contact Donna Ann Malphurs at (850) 922-4539 or by mail at 107 West Gaines Street, The Collins Building, Suite 224, Tallahassee, Florida 32399, at least 5 days before the hearing.

See further instructions on the reverse side.

Amy McKeever Toman
Executive Director
Florida Elections Commission
August 1, 2017

Please refer to the information below for further instructions related to your particular hearing:

If this is a hearing to consider **an appeal from an automatic fine**, the Filing Officer has imposed a fine on you for your failure to file a campaign treasurer's report on the designated due date and, by filing an appeal, you have asked the Commission to consider either (1) that the report was in fact timely filed; or (2) that there were unusual circumstances that excused the failure to file the report timely. You are required to prove your case. If the Commission finds that the report was filed timely or that there were unusual circumstances that excused the failure, it may waive the fine, in whole or in part. The Commission may reduce a fine after considering the factors in Section 106.265, Florida Statutes. If the Commission finds that the report was not timely filed and there were no unusual circumstances, the fine will be upheld.

If this is a hearing to consider a **consent order before a determination of probable cause has been made**, the Commission will decide whether to accept or reject the consent order. If the Commission accepts the consent order, the case will be closed and become public. If the Commission rejects the consent order or does not make a decision to accept or deny the consent order, the case will remain confidential, unless confidentiality has been waived.

If this is a hearing to consider a **consent order after a determination of probable cause has been made**, the Commission will decide whether to accept or reject the consent order. If the Commission accepts the consent order, the case will be closed. If the Commission rejects the consent order or does not make a decision to accept or deny the consent order, the Respondent will be entitled to another hearing to determine if the Respondent committed the violation(s) alleged.

If this is a **probable cause hearing**, the Commission will decide if there is probable cause to believe that the Respondent committed a violation of Florida's election laws. Respondent should be prepared to explain how the staff in its recommendation incorrectly applied the law to the facts of the case. *Respondent may not testify, call others to testify, or introduce any documentary or other evidence at the probable cause hearing.* The Commission will only decide whether Respondent should be *charged* with a violation and, before the Commission determines whether a violation has occurred or a fine should be imposed, Respondent will have an opportunity for another hearing at which evidence may be introduced.

If this is an **informal hearing**, it will be conducted pursuant Sections 120.569 and 120.57(2), Florida Statutes; Chapter 28 and Commission Rule 2B-1.004, Florida Administrative Code. At the hearing, the Commission will decide whether the Respondent committed the violation(s) charged in the Order of Probable Cause. The Respondent will be permitted to testify. However, the Respondent may not call witnesses to testify.

Respondent may argue why the established facts in the Staff Recommendation do not support the violations charged in the Order of Probable Cause. At Respondent's request, the Commission may determine whether Respondent's actions in the case were willful. The Respondent may also address the appropriateness of the recommended fine. If Respondent claims that his limited resources make him unable to pay the statutory fine, *he must provide the Commission with written proof of his financial resources* at the hearing. A financial affidavit form is available from the Commission Clerk.



Response to FEC 16-354 Staff Recommendation
Ben Gibson

to:
Florida Elections Commission
07/28/2017 12:54 PM

Cc:
Cole Kekelis
Hide Details

From: Ben Gibson <ben@gibsonpa.com>
To: Florida Elections Commission <fec@myfloridalegal.com>
Cc: Cole Kekelis <Cole.Kekelis@myfloridalegal.com>

Security:

To ensure privacy, images from remote sites were prevented from downloading. Show Images

1 Attachment



Response FEC 16-354 (In re John Shuff).pdf

Donna,

Please find attached Respondent's Response to Staff Recommendation for FEC 16-354.

Thank you,
-Ben

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**STATE OF FLORIDA
FLORIDA ELECTIONS COMMISSION**

IN RE: JOHN SHUFF,

Case No.: FEC 16-354

Respondent.

RESPONSE TO STAFF RECOMMENDATION

COMES NOW the Respondent, John Shuff, by undersigned counsel and pursuant to section 106.25(4)(c), Florida Statutes, files this response to the Staff Recommendation and shows that the recommended finding of probable cause must be rejected.

PRELIMINARY STATEMENT

This complaint alleges that a candidate running for nonpartisan office who accepts an invitation to speak at a candidate forum organized by a political party is “campaigning based on party affiliation” in violation of the Election Code, even if that candidate never states his party affiliation in his speech or in any political advertisement.

This complaint against former candidate, John Shuff,¹ asks this Commission to ignore the actions and words of the Respondent, who never stated his party affiliation, and instead to focus on the party affiliation of the group and voters to whom Respondent spoke. The Complaint presumes that when the Respondent accepts an invitation to speak to a partisan group he adopts that group’s partisan identity and is “campaigning based on party affiliation.” Such a restrictive reading of 106.143(3), Florida Statutes, unnecessarily prevents a candidate for nonpartisan office from reaching key parts of the electorate and limits the ability of political parties and their members to engage in these local elections.

¹ John Shuff was a candidate for Wakulla County Commission, District 3. After earning 45.25% of the vote on November 8, 2016, he fell short to challenger, Mike Stewart who secured 54.75% of the vote. (See <http://www.wakullaelection.com/Election-Results/Election-Results-Archive>).

Wakulla County held nonpartisan elections for County Commission for the first time in 2016. The local Republican Executive Committee hosted a community forum for their members and all members of the general public to come and hear from candidates running for the nonpartisan offices of county commission. John Shuff, as a candidate for the Wakulla County Commission was invited to the forum and chose to attend. At no time during the forum did he state his party affiliation or distribute any political advertisements stating his party affiliation. He only spoke about his merits and knowledge of Wakulla County. Despite this, the Complainant² is alleging that probable cause be found that the Respondent “campaigned based on party affiliation” and thus violated section 106.143(3), Florida Statutes. The primary evidence supporting this Complaint is not the message of the Respondent, but the partisan nature of the organizer and venue in which the Respondent delivered his message and the generic partisan signs on display when Respondent spoke.

The Division of Elections (“Division”) has interpreted section 106.143(3), Florida Statutes, to allow nonpartisan candidates to be endorsed by political parties,³ to accept contributions from political parties,⁴ to publicly promote their past experience with a political party,⁵ and to publicly support a political party nominee for President.⁶ It would be a major policy shift in the way that political parties engage in nonpartisan elections and a misreading of section 106.143(3) for the Commission to hold, as the Complaint and Staff Recommendation suggest, that the Election Code prevents a candidate running for a nonpartisan office from

² Complainant is Hugh Taylor, a resident of Wakulla County involved with a local group of residents known as “Concerned Citizens of Wakulla.” (ROI 4). Concerned Citizens of Wakulla, Inc. lists as one of its officers Commissioner Chuck Hess [EXH. A], who is a member of the Wakulla County Commission and is listed as a Democrat on its website [Exh. B]. Chuck Hess according to an article in the *Wakulla News*, was not invited to participate in the candidate forum because he was a registered Democrat. (ROI 10). As evidence to support the Complaint, an affidavit and video of the candidate forum were provided from Carrie A. Hess (ROI 12), who is the wife of Commissioner Chuck Hess [ROI FN 3].

³ See DE 03-02 (February 21, 2003).

⁴ See *id.*

⁵ See DE 10-02, (March 3, 2010) citing *id.*

⁶ See DE 16-17 (January 17, 2017).

participating in a local candidate forum organized by a political party, even if that candidate refrains from stating his party affiliation and distributing political advertisements stating his party affiliation.

Under the Election Code, candidates for nonpartisan office are free to accept invitations to speak to all types of groups- both partisan and nonpartisan as long as the candidate's message does not involve campaigning based on party affiliation.⁷ Nothing in statute or the Division's advisory opinions places a requirement for a candidate in a nonpartisan election to control the speech and messages of third parties the candidate is unaffiliated with.

It appears that the Staff Recommendation reads section 106.143(3) to either:

- 1) Categorically prevent nonpartisan candidates from participating in a candidate forum organized by a political party; or
- 2) Allow political parties to hold candidate forums with nonpartisan candidates but place a condition on the party that it must invite all nonpartisan candidates.

Either option is a misreading of section 106.143(3), Florida Statutes. Option 1 reads the Code to prevent candidates running for nonpartisan offices from being able to get their message out to key parts of the electorate. Option 2 reads the Code to mandate an "equal time" requirement not found in statute that would cause political party officers to violate their loyalty oaths and transform political parties into nonpartisan organizations, which they are not. The correct reading of section 106.143(3) is that a candidate for a nonpartisan office may attend a candidate forum organized by a political party, however they are prevented from distributing materials that state their political affiliation and they are prevented from campaigning on the basis of their political affiliation (i.e. stating their party affiliation). This reading is in line with

⁷ Section 106.143(3) states in part, "... A candidate for nonpartisan office is prohibited from campaigning based on party affiliation."

the statute, Division of Elections opinions, the common practice throughout the State, and most importantly, does not unconstitutionally interfere with the first amendment rights of candidates or political parties in regards to nonpartisan elections.

STATEMENT OF FACTS

On August 11, 2016, the Wakulla County Republican Executive Committee (“WCREC”) held a candidate forum where nonpartisan candidates, including Respondent John Shuff, were invited to speak to members of the WCREC and the general public in attendance. (SR 21). Candidates for a number of local races were invited to participate including the following candidates for county commission: Richard Harden, Ralph Thomas, Michael Stewart, John Shuff, and Gordon Millender. The general public was invited and encouraged to attend. Not surprisingly, at this WCREC meeting there were indications, that the WCREC supports Republican candidates. There was a generic sign on the podium at the front that clearly read “Vote Republican” and there was another sign that stated “Republicans” with a large elephant graphic. (SR 7, ROI Exhibits 7-8). None of these signs mentioned the Respondent or any candidate for a nonpartisan office. The WCREC is a political organization and it along with its members support Republicans.

The organizer of the candidate forum, consulted Wakulla County Supervisor of Elections, Henry F. Wells about the forum, but Supervisor Wells attested that he never had any discussions with the Respondent regarding the candidate forum or its legality. (SR 17). Chris Russell, Chairman of the WCREC discussed the legality of the candidate forum with Supervisor Wells. (SR 18). Supervisor Wells was not sure whether or not a partisan organization holding a forum for nonpartisan candidates would violate the Election Code prohibition on campaigning based on party affiliation. So, he reached out to the Department of State’s legal office and spoke to an

attorney on staff who reportedly stated that the candidates would be “skating on thin ice” by attending and speaking at the forum. (SR 18). It is not clear from the Staff Recommendation and Report of Investigation if Supervisor Wells mentioned to Department of State legal staff that the nonpartisan candidates would be attending and speaking but would not be stating their political party affiliation or distributing any political advertisements stating their party affiliation.⁸

Supervisor Wells stated in testimony that he relayed the “skating on thin ice” advice he received from the attorney at the Department of State to Chairman Russell. (SR 18), but “that he did not advise [Chairman] Russell that he could not hold the forum, only reiterating to him the statutes” (ROI 18).” Supervisor Wells never relayed any information to Respondent.

At the forum, Chris Russell, Chairman of the WCREC addressed those in attendance and said, “We did invite all registered Republican candidates to come up” in an effort to clarify that no party favoritism was being shown since in some cases there was more than one Republican candidate running for each Commission seat. (SR 8).

Respondent never mentioned his political party affiliation during his speech. (SR 7). He closed his speech by stating, “I hope if you like what you heard tonight you’ll consider voting for John Shuff for District 3.” Following the candidate forum, this Complaint was filed by Hugh Taylor, as well as several other complaints against other nonpartisan candidates participating in the event and the organizer of the event, alleging that a violation of section 106.143(3), Florida Statutes occurred when Respondent spoke at a candidate forum organized by a political party (SR 4).

⁸ The informal legal advice provided over the phone was never memorialized in writing by the Department of State. Supervisor Wells did not request a formal advisory opinion on the matter.

LEGAL ARGUMENT

I. Probable cause does not exist to believe that Respondent knowingly campaigned based on party affiliation in violation of section 106.143(3), Florida Statutes

The Staff Recommendation correctly points out section 106.143(3), Florida Statutes that prohibits a candidate from “campaigning based on party affiliation.” (SR 13). Section 106.143(3), states in part:

3) . . . A political advertisement of a candidate running for nonpartisan office may not state the candidate’s political party affiliation. This section does not prohibit a political advertisement from stating the candidate’s partisan-related experience. **A candidate for nonpartisan office is prohibited from campaigning based on party affiliation.** (emphasis added).

Violation of section 106.143(3) is considered a minor violation under Rule 2B-1.003(2)(h), F.A.C. The video evidence cited in the investigative report makes it clear that the Respondent did not state his party affiliation when speaking to the WCREC. The Staff Recommendation correctly points out that the Election Code does not define the word “campaigning.” However, the Division of Elections in a 2010 advisory opinion has defined the word by stating that it includes all acts to bring about a candidate’s election.

The Staff Recommendation states that “it was an act of campaigning when each nonpartisan candidate [spoke at a candidate forum to encourage or solicit votes].” And goes on to say that “Due to the particular circumstances of this forum, the nonpartisan candidates affiliated themselves very closely with the Republican party by presenting themselves to the public as obvious Republican candidates for nonpartisan offices and choosing to speak behind and among signs encouraging observers to, “Vote Republican.” (SR 21). The particular circumstances were as follows:

- 1) A sign stating "Vote Republican" located at the podium and a sign stating "Republicans" with a large elephant graphic on display behind the speakers (SR 21);
- 2) Newspaper articles, taken together, suggesting that two candidates for nonpartisan office who were registered Democrats were not invited to participate in the forum (SR 5); and
- 3) The WCREC Chairman's statement that all the registered Republican candidates were invited to come up (SR 8).

Section 106.143(3) prevents candidates in nonpartisan elections from campaigning based on party affiliation. It does not, as the staff recommendation asserts, mandate that candidates in nonpartisan elections completely avoid partisan voters, groups, or venues. Section 106.143(3) regulates the *candidate's* message. It does not require the candidate to regulate and control the message of the organizations and voters it chooses to speak to.⁹ Neither does it regulate the message or the behavior of partisan political organizations and their officers. If a candidate for a nonpartisan office were invited to participate in a Democrat, Libertarian, Constitution, or Green Party forum there surely would be partisan signs and statements made in support of those political parties as well.

What is relevant under section 106.143(3) is the speech of the candidate not of the individuals and groups organizing an event. A candidate running for a nonpartisan office is free to bring his nonpartisan message to any group of voters- whether partisan or nonpartisan. Just because a candidate speaks to a group of voters does not mean that the candidate endorses

⁹ The absurdity of this rationale if taken to its logical conclusion would prevent a nonpartisan candidate who was registered as a Republican from accepting an invitation to speak to a Democratic group. It also would likely prevent the nonpartisan candidate from speaking to "partisan" groups closely aligned and supportive of candidates from one political party (e.g. NRA, Planned Parenthood, TEA Party, EMILY's List).

everything that group stands for. The Staff Recommendation seems to assert that when a candidate simply shows up and speaks to a group of partisan political voters, that candidate is now affiliating itself with the partisan group and adopting all of their partisan messages and thus “campaigning based on political affiliation.” When in fact, nonpartisan candidates in an effort to campaign should be free to speak to all voters- those aligned with partisan organizations and those not.

A candidate running for a nonpartisan office that speaks at a candidate forum organized by a political party without stating their political affiliation is not “campaigning based on party affiliation.” The Commission should reject the staff recommendation and find no probable cause that Respondent violated section 106.143(3), Florida Statutes.

Respondent lacked the necessary “willfulness”

Section 106.25(3), provides that, “For the purposes of commission jurisdiction, a violation shall mean the willful performance of an act prohibited by this chapter or chapter 104 or the willful failure to perform an act required by this chapter or chapter 104.” If Respondent was found to have “campaigned based on party affiliation,” which he did not, the record clearly reflects that he did not intentionally do so. In fact, the record reflects the exact opposite.¹⁰

Supervisor Wells attested that he never spoke to Respondent about the legality of the candidate forum organized by the WCREC. (SR 17, ROI Exhibit 10). The Respondent did receive a copy of chapter 106, Florida Statutes and is familiar with it and understands its requirements (SR 10). Respondent also received a copy of the *Candidate and Campaign Treasurer Handbook* (SR 11). However, nothing in chapter 106 or the *Candidate and Campaign Treasurer Handbook*

¹⁰ The *Wakulla News* article attached to the Complaint states as much, “But many of the candidates who attended were unaware of the controversy and the threat of an election complaint. Some who were aware of the controversy said simply that they had received an invitation to speak and were going wherever they were invited.” See SR, Exh. 4, “Republican forum draws concern”, *Wakulla News*.

specifically states that a candidate for a nonpartisan office is categorically prohibited from attending and speaking at an event organized by a political party. The only thing that is clear in chapter 106 and the *Handbook* is that a candidate for nonpartisan office is prohibited from stating his party affiliation in political advertisements or campaigning based on party affiliation. The Respondent did neither. There is no statute, rule, or advisory opinion from the Division of Elections that prohibits a candidate for a nonpartisan office from attending and speaking at an event organized by a political party when they refrain from stating their party affiliation. Even if a violation occurred, which it did not, Respondent did not possess the necessary willfulness for a violation, and therefore no probable cause should be found.

II. Probable cause does not exist because previous Division of Election advisory opinions show that nonpartisan candidates can interact with political parties without being in violation of section 106.143(3)

The Division of Elections in multiple advisory opinions has made it clear that candidates in a nonpartisan election are allowed to interact with political parties as long as they do not publicly advertise their political party affiliation. Candidates for nonpartisan office can accept contributions from political parties, can be endorsed by political parties, can state and publicly promote their past experience with a particular political party, and can publicly support a Republican or Democrat nominee for President of the United States.¹¹ Section 106.26(13), Florida Statutes, requires the Commission to “in all its deliberations and decisions, adhere to statutory law and advisory opinions of the division.”

In *Division of Elections Opinion* 03-02 (February 21, 2003) (Exh. C), adhered to in *Division of Elections Opinion* 10-02 (March 3, 2010), and cited in the Staff Recommendation, the Division advised then Senator Buddy Dyer who was a candidate for the nonpartisan office of Orlando Mayor. Answering a series of questions about the extent a nonpartisan candidate could

¹¹ See DE 03-02 (February 21, 2003).

be involved with a political party, the Division emphasized section 106.143(3) by stating that political advertisement must not be construed as “campaigning based on party affiliation” and **“information stating your political affiliation may not appear in your political advertising.”** (See Exh. C). However, the Division did not go so far as to preclude all interaction or involvement with a political party, specifically stating:

- 1) Nonpartisan candidates are allowed to list partisan related experience such as “executive committee of [Republican/Democrat] party” in campaign advertisements;
- 2) Nonpartisan candidates are allowed to accept contributions from political parties;
- 3) Political parties may endorse nonpartisan candidates; and
- 4) Political parties are allowed to make independent expenditures regarding a nonpartisan

candidate.

In other words, the only thing the Division has specifically prohibited under section 106.143(3), Florida Statutes, is “stating your political affiliation.” A nonpartisan candidate who speaks at a partisan event without stating their party affiliation is no more “campaigning based on party affiliation” than a nonpartisan candidate who receives contributions, endorsements, and states past experience with a particular political party—all actions specifically authorized by the Division.

Earlier this year, in *Division of Elections Opinion 16-17* (January 17, 2017), (Exh. D) the Division interpreted section 106.143(3) and advised that a candidate for a nonpartisan municipal office was not prohibited from publicly stating that they support a particular candidate for President of the United States. In its analysis, the Division opined that nothing prevents a nonpartisan candidate from stating their opinion or preference for a candidate in other races whether partisan or nonpartisan.

In sum, the Complaint wants this Commission to find that section 106.143(3) allows a candidate for nonpartisan office to publicly state that they support Donald Trump the Republican nominee for President,¹² to advertise that they formerly held a position with the Republican Party,¹³ to be endorsed by the Republican Party,¹⁴ and to accept contributions from the Republican Party, but at the same time find that section 106.143(3) prevents them from participating in a candidate forum organized by a political party, even if the candidate never once mentions his party affiliation. Clearly this reading of the statute goes against the Division of Elections previous advisory opinions of which this Commission is bound by, and therefore the Commission should find no probable cause and dismiss the Complaint.

III. Probable cause does not exist because section 106.143(3) should not be read to require political parties participating in nonpartisan elections to provide platforms for candidates not of their choosing and violate political party loyalty oaths

The Staff Recommendation relies partly on an article by *The Wakulla News* reporting that two candidates for nonpartisan offices were not invited to attend and speak at the candidate event because they were registered Democrats (SR 5) and a statement by WCREC Chairman Chris Russell that, “We did invite all the registered Republicans to come up.” (SR 8). The Staff Recommendation implies that if all the candidates had been invited (both registered Republicans and Democrats) then there may not have been a violation.

But this “equal time” requirement can be found nowhere in statute or Division of Election advisory opinions, and presumably that is because the Legislature knows that including such a requirement would potentially cause political party officers, to violate their own party loyalty oaths. Both major political parties in Florida require their political officers to file loyalty oaths. (See Exhs. F & G).

¹² DE 16-17 (January 17, 2017).

¹³ DE 10-02 (March 3, 2010); DE 03-02 (February 21, 2003).

¹⁴ DE 03-02.

Chris Russell, as the Chairman of the Wakulla County Republican Executive Committee, and organizer of the candidate forum was required as a condition of membership on the County and State Republican Executive Committees to file an oath of party loyalty stating in part:¹⁵

I swear or affirm that during my term of party office I will not actively, publicly, or financially support the election of any candidate seeking election against:

(1) *The Republican Party's nominee in a partisan unitary, general, or special election that includes a Republican nominee; or*

(2) *A registered Republican in a non-partisan election, except that this provision does not apply to judicial races under Chapter 105, Florida Statutes. (Exh. E).*

If Mr. Russell as Chairman of the Wakulla County Republican Executive Committee gave a registered Democrat running in a nonpartisan election against a registered Republican a platform to speak at a Republican Executive Committee meeting, he would likely violate his sworn party loyalty oath.

The Staff Recommendation relies on a statement by Chairman Russell taken out of context. During the introduction of the first nonpartisan candidate Chairman Russell stated, "We did invite all the registered Republican candidates to come up." There were multiple registered Republicans running for the same nonpartisan County Commission seat and not all chose to attend. Chairman Russell in order to make it clear that he was not violating Republican Party of Florida rules and his party loyalty oath stated that all Republicans running were invited.

The Party loyalty oath also states:

I further swear or affirm that, in a contested Republican primary election, I will not support the nomination of one Republican candidate over another in my capacity as a Republican Executive Committee member unless the Executive Committee has voted to endorse that candidate in accordance with RPOF Rule 8.

¹⁵ Each Republican Executive Committee member required by Republican Party of Florida Rule 9 (Exh. F) to sign a party loyalty oath must file the oath with the Chairman of his or her respective State or County Republican Executive Committee (or the Chairman's designee) no later than 30 days after election to party office. The party loyalty oath must be witnessed, verified, or notarized. The Republican Party loyalty oath is made part of the Republican Party of Florida Rules of Procedure and is filed with the Department of State pursuant to section 103.091(3), F.S. (available at: <http://dos.elections.myflorida.com/campaign-docs/?account=4700>).

Similarly, the Florida Democratic Party also has a party loyalty oath for its members. [Exh G. and on file with the Department of State]¹⁶ that states:

[D]uring my term of office, I will not support the election of the opponent of any Democratic nominee, I will not oppose the election of any Democratic nominee, nor will I support any non-Democrat against a Democrat in any election other than in judicial races. . . .

Members of political parties are required by their respective bylaws and rules of procedure to take loyalty oaths that prevent them from doing anything that supports someone running against a member of their party, even in a nonpartisan race. The Legislature is presumed to know about party loyalty oaths, especially since many Legislators have filed such oaths themselves. And surely, the Legislature did not intend for members of political parties to be forced to choose between violating their own loyalty oaths or engaging in nonpartisan elections. The Commission should not newly interpret an existing statute to interfere with a political party's rules (*See Republican Party of Miami-Dade Cty.* at 1119, stating, "Florida's Election Code has therefore recognized that a state may not interfere in the internal governance and operations of political parties").

The prohibition on "campaigning based on party affiliation" has to do with the *candidate's* campaigning, not on the campaigning done by third-party private political groups outside of the candidate's control.

IV. Probable cause does not exist because section 106.143(3) should not be read to unconstitutionally infringe on the First Amendment rights of political parties and candidates in nonpartisan elections

An agency must enforce its rules in a constitutional manner. See Fla. Pub. Emps. Council 79, AFSCME v. Dep't of Children & Families, 745 So. 2d 487, 491 (Fla. 1st DCA 1999). The Commission should reject the Staff Recommendation and dismiss the Complaint because to do

¹⁶ The Democratic Party Loyalty Oath is made part of the Florida Democratic Party Rules and pursuant to section 103.091(3), F.S., is filed with the Department of State. (available at: <http://dos.elections.myflorida.com/campaign-docs/?account=1539>).

otherwise would be to interpret an otherwise constitutional statute (section 106.143(3), Florida Statutes) in an unconstitutional manner. In order to find probable cause, the Commission must conclude that a violation of section 106.143(3), Florida Statutes occurred and that candidates in nonpartisan elections are not allowed to attend and speak at any political party event without violating section 106.143(3). This reading infringes on the constitutional rights of candidates running for nonpartisan offices and the rights of political parties wishing to engage in nonpartisan elections.

Categorically prohibiting candidates in a nonpartisan election from speaking to political parties would violate the First Amendment

In Republican Party of Minnesota v. White, 416 F. 3d 738 (8th Cir. 2005) (en banc), the Eighth Circuit determined that the Minnesota partisan activities clause, which prohibited judges and judicial candidates from identifying themselves as members of political organizations, attending political gatherings, or seeking, accepting, or using endorsements from political organizations, violated the First Amendment. Id. at 754–63. If a law restricting the First Amendment rights of judges to attend political gatherings could not survive strict scrutiny, then certainly such a law applied to nonpartisan candidates for county commission could not survive strict scrutiny. See Republican Party of Minnesota v. White, 536 U.S. 765, 793 (2002) (Kennedy, J. concurring) (“Judicial Integrity is . . . a state interest of the highest order.”).

Political parties have a constitutional right to associate with candidates of their choosing

In addition to the party loyalty oaths, political parties have a constitutional right to associate with the candidates of their choosing. The right to associate for the advancement of political beliefs is a right protected by the First and Fourteenth Amendments. Ray v. Mortham, 742 So. 2d 1276, 1285 (Fla. 1999). A corresponding provision of the Florida Constitution, likewise, protects the rights of individuals to associate with whom they please and to assemble

with others for political or for social purposes. State v. J.P., 907 So. 2d 1101, 1111 (Fla. 2004). Because individuals exercise their free speech rights by participating in political parties, political parties also possess First Amendment rights. San Francisco County Democratic Cent. Comm. v. Eu, 826 F.2d 814, 818 (9th Cir.1987), *aff'd*, 489 U.S. 214, 109 S.Ct. 1013, 103 L.Ed.2d 271 (1989). Indeed, “[a]ny interference with the freedom of a party is simultaneously an interference with the freedom of its adherents.” Sweezy v. State of N.H. by Wyman, 354 U.S. 234, 250 (1957).

Political parties have a constitutional right not to associate with certain candidates

Included within this constitutional protection is the right of political party members "not to associate" with those who do not share their party platforms or rules, so long as they do not engage in prohibited acts of discrimination. Republican Party of Miami-Dade County v. Davis, 18 So. 3d 1112, 1118 (Fla. 3d DCA 2009); *see also* Roberts v. U.S. Jaycees, 468 U.S. 609, 623 (1984) (“There can be no clearer example of an intrusion into the internal structure or affairs of an association than a regulation that forces the group to accept members it does not desire. Such a regulation may impair the ability of the original members to express only those views that brought them together. Freedom of association therefore plainly presupposes a freedom not to associate.”). Election regulations that impose a severe burden on those rights are subject to strict scrutiny, and courts should uphold them only if they are narrowly tailored to serve a compelling state interest. Libertarian Party of Florida v. Smith, 687 So. 2d 1292, 1294 (Fla. 1996).

The Division of Elections in DE 03-02 made it clear that political parties can endorse one nonpartisan candidate over another. If so, then surely a political party can choose which nonpartisan candidates they would like to come and speak at their meeting. The Commission

should not read section 106.143(3) in a way that places an unconstitutional requirement on political parties to give a platform to all candidates even those not of their choosing.

V. Probable cause does not exist when weighing all of the factors

Probable cause exists where the facts and circumstances, of which an [investigator] has reasonably trustworthy information, are sufficient in themselves for a reasonable man to reach the conclusion that an offense has been committed. Dep't of Hwy Safety and Motor Vehicles v. Favino, 667 So. 2d 305, 309 (Fla. 1st DCA 1995) (SR 26).

Section 106.25(4)(f), Florida Statutes, states that the Commission in making its probable cause determination, may consider:

1. The sufficiency of the evidence against the respondent, as contained in the investigator's report;
2. The admissions and other stipulations of the respondent, if any;
3. The nature and circumstances of the respondent's actions;
4. The expense of further proceedings; and
5. Such other factors as it deems material to its decision.

The Respondent has cooperated throughout this investigation and never once mentioned his party affiliation in written or spoken word. Respondent is being held liable purportedly for the wrong actions of others and for a third party and for the venue in which he delivered his nonpartisan message. Given the expense of further investigation and proceedings and the lack of evidence of a violation and lack of knowledge on the part of Respondent, the Commission should reject the staff recommendation and find no probable cause that Respondent violated section 106.143(3), Florida Statutes.

VI. Probable cause does not exist because the complaint is legally insufficient

No evidence in the record supports that the Respondent is even affiliated with the Republican Party beyond statements made by people other than the candidate himself. This is telling since section 106.143(3) applies to *candidates* running in nonpartisan races. It prevents the *candidate* from stating a party affiliation or campaigning based on party affiliation. The Respondent never did anything of the sort. The Commission should not presume a violation of section 106.143(3) based on the words or actions of someone other than the candidate, and that is exactly what the Complaint and Staff Recommendation does.

Section 106.143(3) prevents the *candidate* from mentioning party affiliation or campaigning based on party affiliation. It does not prevent a nonpartisan candidate from being associated at all with a political party (*See* DE 10-02; DE 03-02 stating that non-partisan candidates can list partisan related experience such as “executive committee of ____ party” in campaign advertisements). Given that the Complaint relates to actions by a third-party not under the candidate’s control and not the candidate, the Complaint is legally insufficient and there is no probable cause. The Commission should dismiss.

Nothing within chapters 104 or 106 prohibits a candidate for nonpartisan office from speaking at a political party event if that candidate does not state their party affiliation or distribute political advertisements stating their party affiliation.

CONCLUSION

Respondent respectfully requests that the Commission reject the Staff Recommendation and find no probable cause that the Respondent violated section 106.143(3), Florida Statutes, and dismiss this complaint.

Dated: July 28, 2017

Respectfully submitted,

/s/ Benjamin J. Gibson
Benjamin J. Gibson
Florida Bar No.: 58661
BENJAMIN J. GIBSON, P.A.
517 E. 9th Ave.
Tallahassee, FL 32303
Phone: (850) 792-5060
Primary Email: ben@gibsonpa.com
Secondary Email: service@gibsonpa.com

Counsel for Respondent, John Shuff

EXHIBITS

7/27/2017

Detail by Entity Name

DIVISION OF CORPORATIONS



Department of State / Division of Corporations / Search Records / Detail By Document Number /

Detail by Entity Name

Florida Not For Profit Corporation
CONCERNED CITIZENS OF WAKULLA, INC

Filing Information

Document Number N03000006211
FEI/EIN Number 90-0110416
Date Filed 07/21/2003
State FL
Status ACTIVE

Principal Address

14 EGRET ST N
CRAWFORDVILLE, FL 32327

Changed: 04/24/2013

Mailing Address

PO BOX 713
CRAWFORDVILLE, FL 32326

Changed: 04/26/2017

Registered Agent Name & Address

HANSON, CHAD W
14 EGRET STREET NORTH
CRAWFORDVILLE, FL 32327

Officer/Director Detail

Name & Address

Title CH

HESS, CHUCK
112 LAKE ELLEN CIR
CRAWFORDVILLE, FL 32327

Title TR

HICKMAN, GAIL B.
528 HICKORYWOOD DR.
CRAWFORDVILLE, FL 32327

<http://search.sunbiz.org/Inquiry/CorporationSearch/SearchResultDetail?inquirytype=EntityName&directionType=Initial&searchNameOrder=CONCERNEDCITIZEN...> 1/2

EXHIBIT A

7/27/2017

Detail by Entity Name

Annual Reports

Report Year	Filed Date
2015	04/17/2015
2016	03/30/2016
2017	04/25/2017

Document Images

04/25/2017 :: ANNUAL REPORT	View image in PDF format
03/30/2016 :: ANNUAL REPORT	View image in PDF format
04/17/2015 :: ANNUAL REPORT	View image in PDF format
04/28/2014 :: ANNUAL REPORT	View image in PDF format
04/24/2013 :: ANNUAL REPORT	View image in PDF format
04/12/2012 :: ANNUAL REPORT	View image in PDF format
01/16/2011 :: ANNUAL REPORT	View image in PDF format
01/09/2010 :: ANNUAL REPORT	View image in PDF format
04/08/2009 :: ANNUAL REPORT	View image in PDF format
01/30/2008 :: ANNUAL REPORT	View image in PDF format
04/29/2007 :: ANNUAL REPORT	View image in PDF format
04/17/2006 :: ANNUAL REPORT	View image in PDF format
04/25/2005 :: ANNUAL REPORT	View image in PDF format
04/28/2004 :: ANNUAL REPORT	View image in PDF format
07/21/2003 :: Domestic Non-Profit	View image in PDF format

EXHIBIT A



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[Employment Opp](#)
[I Want To?](#)

Meet Your Commissioners

Contact All Commissioners

District Map

Commissioner Ralph Harden
Chairman, District 1

Commissioner Randy Martel
District 2

Commissioner Mike Stewart
Vice-Chairman, District 3

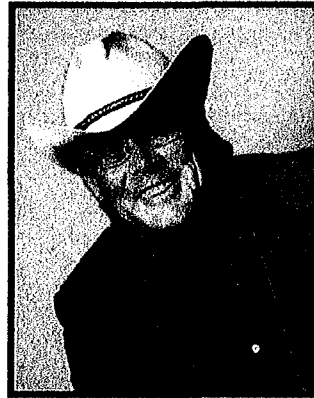
Commissioner Jerry Moore
District 4

Commissioner Chuck Hess
District 5

Home » Meet Your Commissioners » Commissioner Chuck Hess, District 5

Commissioner Chuck Hess

[E-mail](#) [Print](#)



Democrat

Cell Phone #: (850) 670-8788

Email Address: chess@mywakulla.com

Term Ends: 2020

EXHIBIT B

February 21, 2003

The Honorable Buddy Dyer
c/o Mark Herron, Esquire
Messer, Caparello & Self
Post Office Box 1876
Tallahassee, Florida 32302-1876

**RE: DE 03-02
Activities of Political Parties Relating to Candidates for
Nonpartisan Municipal Office §97.021(18), §106.08(2),
§106.021(3), Florida Statutes**

Dear Senator Dyer:

This is in response to your request for an advisory opinion. As a candidate for Mayor of the City of Orlando, the division has the authority to issue an opinion to you pursuant to section 106.23(2), Florida Statutes.

You ask essentially the following questions:

1. Can political advertising for or on behalf of a candidate for a nonpartisan mayoral office refer to the political party affiliation of the candidate?
2. To what extent may a political party make a contribution to or on behalf of a candidate for a nonpartisan mayoral office, and conversely, to what extent may a candidate for a nonpartisan mayoral office accept a contribution of a political party made to or on behalf of such candidate?
3. May a political party make a 3-pack expenditure pursuant to section 106.021(3), Florida Statutes; and, if so, what are the respective reporting responsibilities of the political party and the candidate for nonpartisan mayoral office regarding such an expenditure?
4. May a political party make an independent expenditure for or on behalf of a candidate for a nonpartisan mayoral office?

EXHIBIT C

The Honorable Buddy Dyer
February 21, 2003
Page Two

You represent in your letter that the municipal office of Mayor is a nonpartisan office pursuant to the Orlando City Charter. Please note that Chapter 106, Florida Statutes, is specifically applicable to municipal offices.

In order to answer your questions, we must first look to the statutory definition of "nonpartisan office." Section 97.021(18), Florida Statutes, defines a "nonpartisan office" to mean, "an office for which a candidate is prohibited from campaigning or qualifying for election or retention in office based on party affiliation." This definition applies to all nonpartisan offices.

As to Question 1, as a candidate for a nonpartisan municipal office you are prohibited from campaigning based upon party affiliation. Therefore, you must be very careful that your political advertising cannot be construed as such. Each advertisement would have to be reviewed independently to determine whether it meets this test. However, pursuant to section 97.021(18), Florida Statutes, as a nonpartisan municipal candidate, you may not publicly represent or advertise yourself as a member of any political party. Thus, information stating your political affiliation may not appear in your political advertising. It is permissible, however, for you to list partisan related experience such as "executive committee of _____ party" in campaign advertisements. In doing so you would simply be providing information on past experiences as opposed to "campaigning based on party affiliation." Political advertisements done by others in consultation with you would have to meet the same requirements.

As to Question 2, a political party may make a contribution to a candidate for a nonpartisan mayoral office and a candidate for a nonpartisan mayoral office may accept a contribution from a political party. Such contributions would be subject to the limitations contained in section 106.08(2), Florida Statutes.

As to Question 3, pursuant to section 106.021(3), Florida Statutes, a political party may make direct expenditures for "obtaining time, space, or services in or by any communications medium for the purpose of jointly endorsing three or more candidates." Further, pursuant to that section any such expenditures shall not be considered a contribution or expenditure to or on behalf of any such candidate for the purposes of Chapter 106. A nonpartisan mayoral candidate may be endorsed by any or all political parties. Therefore, a political party may make a 3-pack expenditure that would include a candidate for a nonpartisan mayoral office. A political party would report it as an expenditure, but not as a contribution. The candidate would have no responsibility to report it.

As to Question 4, a political party may make an independent expenditure regarding a candidate for a nonpartisan mayoral office.

EXHIBIT C

The Honorable Buddy Dyer
February 21, 2003
Page Three

SUMMARY

A candidate for a nonpartisan mayoral office may not state their political affiliation in their campaign advertising. They may, however, list partisan related experience such as "executive committee of _____ party" in campaign advertisements. A political party may make a contribution to a candidate for a nonpartisan mayoral office and a candidate for a nonpartisan mayoral office may accept a contribution from a political party. Such contributions would be subject to the limitations contained in section 106.08(2), Florida Statutes. A political party may make a 3-pack expenditure that would include a candidate for a nonpartisan mayoral office. A political party may make an independent expenditure regarding a candidate for a nonpartisan mayoral office.

Sincerely,

Edward C. Kast
Director, Division of Elections

Prepared by:
Sharon D. Larson
Assistant General Counsel

EK/SDL/ccm

EXHIBIT C



FYI

FLORIDA DEPARTMENT of STATE

RICK SCOTT
Governor

KEN DETZNER
Secretary of State

January 17, 2017

Mr. John J. Mannion, Jr.
P.O. Box 620721
Oviedo, Florida 32762

Re: DE 16-17 Advertising; Nonpartisan
Candidate; §§ 97.021(22), 106.143(3),
Florida Statutes.

Dear Mr. Mannion:

As a nonpartisan candidate for municipal office, you have requested an advisory opinion regarding whether, under the Florida Election Code, you may make it known which candidate you support in the Presidential election. Because you are a candidate proposing to take certain actions with respect to the Florida Election Code, the Division is authorized to issue an opinion pursuant to section 106.23(2), Florida Statutes.¹

FACTS

You state that you are a candidate for Oviedo city councilmember, which is a nonpartisan office. You also state that you have been asked whom you support for President of the United States, and you indicate that if you give a response, it may be published. You ask whether stating your preferred candidate would violate the prohibition in section 106.143(3), Florida Statutes, against a nonpartisan candidate "campaigning based on party affiliation."

ANALYSIS

Under Florida law, a "nonpartisan office" is defined as "an office for which a candidate is prohibited from campaigning or qualifying for election or retention in office based on party

¹ The Division has authority to interpret provisions of the Florida Election Code, but has no authority to interpret local provisions such as a city ordinance or a city charter. See § 106.23(2), Fla. Stat. Therefore, this opinion limits itself to interpreting the Florida Election Code.

Division of Elections
R.A. Gray Building, Suite 316 • 500 South Bronough Street • Tallahassee, Florida 32399
850.245.6200 • 850.245.6217 (Fax) DOS.MyFlorida.com/elections



EXHIBIT D

Mr. John J. Mannion, Jr.
January 17, 2017
Page 2 of 2

affiliation." § 97.021(22), Fla. Stat. A candidate for nonpartisan office is restricted on how he or she campaigns, as follows:

A political advertisement of a candidate running for nonpartisan office may not state the candidate's political party affiliation. This section does not prohibit a political advertisement from stating the candidate's partisan-related experience. A candidate for nonpartisan office is prohibited from campaigning based on party affiliation.

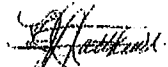
§ 106.143(3), Fla. Stat.

While this provision prohibits a candidate for nonpartisan office from "campaigning based on party affiliation," it does not prohibit such candidate from "stating the candidate's partisan-related experience." *Id.* Nor is there anything in the provision that expressly prohibits the candidate from stating opinions about other races, whether partisan or nonpartisan. Therefore, it is the opinion of the Division that section 106.143(3), Florida Statutes, does not prohibit you as a candidate for the nonpartisan office of city councilmember from stating that you support a particular candidate for President as long as you are not "campaigning based on party affiliation."²

SUMMARY

Section 106.143(3), Florida Statutes, does not prohibit a candidate for the nonpartisan office of city councilmember from expressing an opinion about another candidate for partisan office as long as the candidate is not "campaigning based on party affiliation."

Respectfully,



Maria I. Matthews, Esq.
Director, Division of Elections

² Of course, candidates seeking a nonpartisan *judicial* office are prohibited outright from endorsing *any* candidate. See § 105.071(4), Fla. Stat.

EXHIBIT D



Republican Party of Florida Party Loyalty Oath

I, Frank Charles Russell, swear and/or affirm that during my term of
(Name of Member - Please write clearly)

office I will not actively, publicly, or financially support the election of any candidate other than the
Republican Candidate in a partisan unitary, general or special election, or a registered Republican in
non-partisan elections, other than Judicial races governed under chapter 105, Florida Statutes, if
there is a registered Republican running for the same office.

Further, in a contested Republican primary election, I will not support the nomination of one
Republican candidate over another in my capacity as a Republican County Executive Committee member
unless the Party has voted to endorse under RPOF Rule 8. This rule does not preclude me from
supporting in any manner my personal Republican candidate of choice, provided I do not express
such support with public reference to my title or office within the Republican Party of Florida.

Chris Russell
Signature of Member

[Signature]
Signature of Witness

2
County/Precinct #

1/6/15
Date

Office: BEC Chairman
(State Committeeman, State Committeewoman; Precinct Committeeman, Precinct Committeewoman;
Alt. Precinct Committeeman, Alt. Precinct Committeewoman)

[Redacted]
Address, as it appears on voter registration

[Redacted]
Email

[Redacted]
City, State, Zip

[Redacted]
Phone Number

EXHIBIT E

RULE 9 – Oath of Party Loyalty

A. Form of Party Loyalty Oath

As a condition of membership on a Republican Executive Committee, each County Republican Executive Committee and State Republican Executive Committee member must sign and file an oath of party loyalty in the following form:

I swear or affirm that during my term of party office I will not actively, publicly, or financially support the election of any candidate seeking election against:

- (1) The Republican Party's nominee in a partisan unitary, general, or special election that includes a Republican nominee; or*
- (2) A registered Republican in a non-partisan election, except that this provision does not apply to judicial races under Chapter 105, Florida Statutes.*

I further swear or affirm that, in a contested Republican primary election, I will not support the nomination of one Republican candidate over another in my capacity as a Republican Executive Committee member unless the Executive Committee has voted to endorse that candidate in accordance with RPOF Rule 8. This provision does not preclude me from supporting in any manner my personal Republican candidate of choice in a contested Republican primary election, provided I do not express such support with public reference to my title or office within the Republican Party of Florida.

B. Filing Instructions for Party Loyalty Oath

Each Republican Executive Committee member required by this Rule to sign a party loyalty oath must file the oath with the Chairman of his or her respective State or County Republican Executive Committee (or the Chairman's designee) no later than 30 days after election to party office. The party loyalty oath shall be witnessed, verified, or notarized.

RULE 10 – Selection of Delegates and Alternate Delegates to the Republican National Convention

A. Exclusive Method for Selection of Delegates and Alternate Delegates to Republican National Convention

All delegates and alternate delegates to the Republican National Convention shall be elected as prescribed by this Rule following the Florida Presidential Preference Primary.

Attachment 2 – Loyalty Oath

**Florida Democratic Party
LOYALTY OATH**

County of _____, Florida

I, _____, having been duly sworn, say that I am a member of the Democratic Party,

that I am a qualified elector of _____ County, Florida; that during my term of office, I will not support the election of the opponent of any Democratic nominee, I will not oppose the election of any Democratic nominee, nor will I support any non-Democrat against a Democrat in any election other than in judicial races; that I am qualified under the Constitution and Laws of the State of Florida and the Charter and Bylaws of the Florida Democratic Party to hold the office I am seeking, or to which I have been elected; that I have not violated any of the laws of the State of Florida relating to election or the Charter and Bylaws of the Florida Democratic Party.

Print Name

Signature

OPTION 1. SIGNED BY A NOTARY PUBLIC
(Use either Option 1 OR Option 2.)

STATE OF FLORIDA	
COUNTY OF _____	
Sworn to and subscribed before me this _____ day of _____, 20____, by (name of person making statement) _____	
_____ Signature of Notary Public – State of Florida	
_____ Name of Notary typed, printed or stamped	
<input type="checkbox"/> Personally Known	OR <input type="checkbox"/> Produced Identification
Type of ID Produced: _____	

OPTION 2. SIGNED BY TWO WITNESSES
(Use either Option 1 OR Option 2.)

WITNESS #1	
_____	_____
Date	County

WITNESS #1: Print Name	

Signature	

Address	

City	

State	Zip Code

WITNESS #2	
_____	_____
Date	County

WITNESS #2: Print Name	

Signature	

Address	

City	

State	Zip Code

EXHIBIT G

CERTIFICATE OF FILING

I hereby certify that a true copy of this document has been filed with and delivered via electronic

mail on this 28th day of July 2017, to:

Agency Clerk
Florida Elections Commission
107 West Gaines Street
Collins Building, Suite 224
Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1050
fec@myfloridalegal.com

/s/ Benjamin J. Gibson
Benjamin J. Gibson

*Counsel for Respondent,
John Shuff*



Notices of Withdrawal as Counsel - FEC Complaint numbers : 16-350; 16-351; 16-352; 16-354; 16-355 and 16-356

Marsha A. Poppell

to:

'Florida Elections Commission'

07/20/2017 11:33 AM

Cc:

"Marsha A. Poppell", 'Ben Gibson'

Hide Details

From: "Marsha A. Poppell" <MPoppell@shutts.com>

To: 'Florida Elections Commission' <fec@myfloridalegal.com>

Cc: "Marsha A. Poppell" <MPoppell@shutts.com>, 'Ben Gibson' <ben@gibsonpa.com>

1 Attachment



Notices of Withdrawal as Counsel.pdf

Good morning:

Attached please find the Notices of Withdrawal as Counsel for Mr. Gonzalez and Ms. Francis.

Thanks and have a great day.



Marsha A. Poppell

Legal Assistant

Shutts & Bowen LLP

215 South Monroe Street, Suite 804 | Tallahassee, FL 32301

Direct: (850) 521-0600 x6612 | Fax: (850) 521-0604

[E-Mail](#) | [Website](#)

**STATE OF FLORIDA
FLORIDA ELECTIONS COMMISSION**

IN RE: JOHN SHUFF,

Case No.: FEC 16-354

Respondent
_____ /

NOTICE OF WITHDRAWAL AS COUNSEL

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that Jason Gonzalez and Renatha Francis of Shutts & Bowen, LLP file this Notice of Withdrawal as Counsel of record in the above proceeding for Respondent, John Shuff. The Respondent will be represented in this proceeding by attorney Ben Gibson.

Respectfully submitted,

/s/ Jason Gonzalez

Jason Gonzalez (FBN 146854)

SHUTTS & BOWEN LLP

215 South Monroe Street, Suite 804

Tallahassee, Florida 32301

Telephone: 850-521-0600

Email: jasongonzalez@shutts.com

Renatha Francis (FBN 84181)

SHUTTS & BOWEN LLP

200 South Biscayne Boulevard, Suite 4100

Miami, Florida 33131

Telephone: (305) 415-9022

Email: rfrancis@shutts.com

CERTIFICATE OF FILING

I hereby certify that a true copy of this document has been filed this 20th day of July, 2017,

with:

Agency Clerk
Florida Elections Commission
107 West Gaines Street
Collins Building, Suite 224
Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1050
fec@myfloridalegal.com

**STATE OF FLORIDA
FLORIDA ELECTIONS COMMISSION**

IN RE: JOHN SHUFF ,
Respondent.

Case No.: FEC 16-354

NOTICE OF APPEARANCE ON BEHALF OF RESPONDENT

Notice is given that attorney, Benjamin J. Gibson, of the law firm BENJAMIN J. GIBSON, P.A. hereby appears as counsel for Respondent, JOHN SHUFF, in the above captioned matter. Please forward all copies and direct all future correspondence, pleadings, and papers to the undersigned.

Dated: July 19, 2017

Respectfully submitted,

/s/ Benjamin J. Gibson
Benjamin J. Gibson
Florida Bar No.: 58661
BENJAMIN J. GIBSON, P.A.
517 E. 9th Ave.
Tallahassee, FL 32303
Phone: (850) 792-5060
Primary Email: ben@gibsonpa.com
Secondary Email: service@gibsonpa.com

Counsel for Respondent John Shuff

CERTIFICATE OF FILING

I hereby certify that a true copy of this document has been filed and delivered via electronic mail

on this 19th day of July 2017, with:

Agency Clerk
Florida Elections Commission
107 West Gaines Street
Collins Building, Suite 224
Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1050
fec@myfloridalegal.com

/s/ Benjamin J. Gibson
Benjamin J. Gibson

Counsel for Respondent John Shuff

**STATE OF FLORIDA
FLORIDA ELECTIONS COMMISSION**

In Re: John Shuff

Case No.: FEC 16-354

STAFF RECOMMENDATION FOLLOWING INVESTIGATION

Pursuant to Section 106.25(4)(c), Florida Statutes, undersigned counsel files this written recommendation for disposition of the complaint in this case recommending that there is **probable cause** to charge Respondent with violating **Section 106.143(3), Florida Statutes**. Based upon a thorough review of the Report of Investigation submitted on May 25, 2017, the following facts and law support this staff recommendation:

1. On August 19, 2016, the Florida Elections Commission (“Commission”) received a sworn complaint alleging John Shuff (“Respondent”) violated Chapter 106, Florida Statutes.
2. Respondent was a candidate for the Wakulla County Commission, District 3, a nonpartisan office.¹ He was defeated in the general election held on November 8, 2016.
3. By letter dated December 23, 2016, the Executive Director notified Respondent that Commission staff would investigate the following statutory provision:

Section 106.143(3), Florida Statutes: Respondent, a 2016 candidate for Wakulla County Commission, District 3, campaigned based on his party affiliation, even though the office for which he was running was nonpartisan, as alleged in the complaint.

4. Complainant essentially alleged that Respondent campaigned based on party affiliation while running for a nonpartisan office by attending and speaking at a partisan forum held by the Wakulla County Republican Executive Committee (“WCREC”) on August 11, 2016.
5. Complainant provided three newspaper articles from *The Wakulla News* which addressed the forum. Taken together, the articles suggest that only registered Republican candidates were invited to attend and speak at the forum, that the purpose of the forum was to provide voters an opportunity to hear from Republican candidates, and that two candidates for nonpartisan offices were not invited to attend and speak at the event because they were registered Democrats. (ROI Exhibits 2-4)²

¹ Respondent John Shuff was a member of the Wakulla County Charter Review Commission. He attended a meeting taking place on May 6, 2014, in which that commission discussed the issue of amending the Wakulla County Home Rule Charter to designate the offices of county commissioners as nonpartisan offices. (Attachment A)

² The Report of Investigation shall be referred to herein as “ROI.”

6. Complainant also provided a video recording of the candidate forum recorded by Carrie Hess. Ms. Hess attested in an affidavit that she attended the forum and made the recording. (ROI Exhibit 6)³

7. A review of the video recording revealed that WCREC Chairman Chris Russell introduced Respondent as a candidate for County Commission, District 3. Although Respondent did not mention his political party affiliation during his speech, Respondent closed his speech by stating, "I hope if you like what you heard tonight you'll consider voting for John Shuff for District 3." Signs stating, "Vote Republican," were displayed in front of the podium behind which Respondent stood, and also nearby Respondent. Respondent stood in front of a large sign stating, "Republicans," with a large elephant graphic. (ROI Exhibits 7-8)

8. Further review of the video recording also revealed that WCREC Chairman Chris Russell stated during the introduction of the first nonpartisan candidate that, "We did invite all the registered Republican candidates to come up."

9. On November 3, 2015, Respondent filed an Appointment of Campaign Treasurer and Designation of Campaign Depository for Candidates form ("DS-DE 9") with the Wakulla County Supervisor of Elections office. (ROI Exhibit 1)

10. On November 3, 2015, Respondent signed a Statement of Candidate form in which he acknowledged that he had been provided access to read and understand the requirements of Chapter 106, Florida Statutes. (ROI Exhibit 12)

11. Henry F. Wells, Wakulla County Supervisor of Elections, attested in an affidavit dated March 23, 2017, that his office provided Respondent with Chapter 106, Florida Statutes, and the *Candidate and Campaign Treasurer Handbook*. Mr. Wells also attested that Respondent was also a candidate in 2012. (ROI Exhibit 10)

12. Section 106.143(3), Florida Statutes, states, in pertinent part, "A candidate for nonpartisan office is prohibited from campaigning based on party affiliation."

13. Rule 2B-1.003(2)(h), F.A.C., designates violation of Section 106.143(3), Florida Statutes, as being a minor violation under certain circumstances. The rule describes Section 106.143(3), Florida Statutes, as including, "...stating a candidate's political party affiliation in a political advertisement in a nonpartisan race, **or any other campaigning by a candidate running for nonpartisan office based on party affiliation** [emphasis added]."

14. While the Florida Election Code does not specifically define "campaigning," the Department of State, Division of Elections ("Division") did so in the context of an advisory opinion issued by their office in 2010 and relating to nonpartisan candidate issues. In the opinion, the Division stated, "The Election Code does not define 'campaigning.' According to *Black's Law Dictionary*, it includes all acts done to bring about a candidate's election. Therefore, the Election

³ A copy of the video recording is on file with the Florida Elections Commission.

Code precludes a nonpartisan candidate from doing **any act to bring about the candidate's election based upon party affiliation** [emphasis added]." (Attachment B)

15. Pursuant to Section 106.26(13), Florida Statutes, the Commission, "...must, in all its deliberations and decisions, adhere to statutory law and advisory opinions of the division."

16. Respondent stated in response to the complaint that Section 106.143, Florida Statutes, pertains to political advertisements and that (3) specifically pertains to political advertisements of a candidate running for partisan and nonpartisan office. Respondent stated that Section 106.143(3), Florida Statutes, does not pertain to attending an event or the spoken word in direct conversation, but rather pertains to political advertisement. (ROI Exhibit 9)

17. Henry F. Wells, Wakulla County Supervisor of Elections, attested in an affidavit dated March 23, 2017, that he did not have any discussion with Respondent concerning the candidate forum. (ROI Exhibit 10)

18. Mr. Wells stated in a telephonic interview that he had discussed the circumstances of the forum at issue with the legal department of the Division and was told that candidates would be "skating on thin ice" by attending and speaking at the forum. Mr. Wells further stated that he relayed what was told to him by the Division's legal representative to Chris Russell, Chairman of the WCREC, in a telephonic conversation occurring prior to the forum being held on August 11, 2016. (Attachment C)

19. Based upon the information above, it appears that Respondent campaigned based on party affiliation even though the office for which he was running was nonpartisan.

20. "Probable Cause" is defined as a reasonable grounds of suspicion supported by circumstances sufficiently strong to warrant a cautious person in the belief that the person has committed the offense charged. *Schmitt v. State*, 590 So.2d 404, 409 (Fla. 1991). Probable cause exists where the facts and circumstances, of which an [investigator] has reasonably trustworthy information, are sufficient in themselves for a reasonable man to reach the conclusion that an offense has been committed. *Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles v. Favino*, 667 So.2d 305, 309 (Fla. 1st DCA 1995).

21. The above facts show that Respondent was a 2016 candidate for Wakulla County Commission, District 3, a nonpartisan office. Respondent attended and spoke at a candidate forum held on August 11, 2016. Only registered Republicans were invited to attend and speak at the forum, which was organized by the WCREC. Signs encouraging those listening to Respondent to, "Vote Republican," were on the podium in front of Respondent and were also nearby. Respondent stood in front of a large sign stating, "Republicans," with a large elephant graphic. Although Respondent did not specifically mention his party affiliation, it was reasonably obvious to the audience that he was a registered Republican. Further, speaking at a candidate forum to encourage or solicit votes is certainly an action taken by the candidate to bring about his election. It was thus an act of campaigning when Respondent did so. Due to the particular circumstances of this forum, Respondent affiliated himself very closely with the Republican party by presenting himself to the public as an obvious Republican candidate for a nonpartisan office and choosing to speak from behind and among signs encouraging observers to, "Vote Republican." Therefore, Respondent's participation in the forum amounted to an action taken to bring about his election based on

affiliation with a party. By extension, Respondent's participation at the forum amounted to campaigning based on party affiliation.

Based upon these facts and circumstances, I recommend that the Commission find probable cause to charge Respondent with the following:

Count 1:

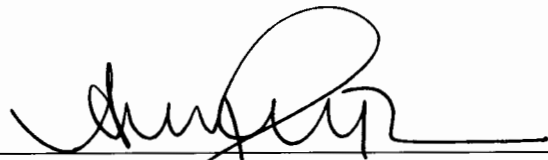
On or about August 11, 2016, Respondent violated Section 106.143(3), Florida Statutes, when Respondent campaigned based on party affiliation even though the office for which he was running was nonpartisan.

Respectfully submitted on June 14, 2017,



Cole H. Kekelis
Assistant General Counsel

I reviewed this Staff Recommendation this 14th day of June 2017.



Amy McKeever Toman
Executive Director

WAKULLA COUNTY CHARTER REVIEW COMMISSION
MEETING MINUTES
May 6, 2014 at 6:00p.m.

Members in Attendance: Chris Russell, Donnie Crum, Bill Russell, Verna Brock, Judith Harriss, John Shuff, Larry Taylor, Chuck Hess, R.H. Carter, Bob Danzey, Marcus Floyd, Marsha Tucker

County Staff in Attendance: Jessica Welch

Item 1: Citizens Requesting to Speak – Five citizens in attendance and one who requested to speak.

Item 2: Review/Approval of April 24, 2014 minutes – A motion was made and seconded to approve the April 24, 2014 CRC meeting minutes with an amendment to the vote for Article 6.1 that the motion passed 10/1 (not 11/0); the motion passed 11/0.

Item 3: Review List of Approved Amended Articles – *(The following is a list of Articles for which the CRC has voted & approved to amend/revise):*

- **Article 2.1** –
 - All candidates shall be nonpartisan in the Primary election, settled by 50% + 1, the top 2 candidates shall go to the General election (unless in conflict w/ Supervisor of Elections Laws)
 - Shall be five single member districts for BOCC and School Board members

After discussion, the Commission agreed this was acceptable and that the Commission will work with the BOCC regarding the proposed ballot language for which the BOCC will be conducting at this year's general election.

- **Article 2.3** –
 - Mandatory residency requirement – must provide a declaration/oath of living in district for 6 months prior to qualifying date. Must also provide 4 out of the following 5 other categories providing proof of residency: voter registration card, Florida Driver's License and/or Florida Identification Card, a notarized statement of residency from home-owner, homestead exemption card or leasing/renting statement, and vehicle registration.

After discussion, a motion was made and seconded to amend Article 2.3 relating to residency requirement as follows: must provide a declaration/oath of living in district for 6 months prior to qualifying date; and must also provide 3 out of the following 4 other categories providing proof of residency: (1) vehicle registration, (2) voter registration card, (3) Florida Driver's License and/or Florida Identification Card, and (4) notarized statement of residency from home-owner, or homestead exemption card, or leasing/renting statement; the motion passed 11/1.

- **Article 2.4** –
 - Shall be no term limits on BOCC and School Board members

- **Article 6.1** –

ATTACHMENT *A page 1 of 2*

- Procedure for petition shall read that 1% (each district) of elector signatures is required to be obtained, then the petition shall be submitted to the County Attorney for review/approval; if approved the petition then goes to the Supervisor of Elections to verify signatures, if the petition is not approved the 1% of signatures is thrown out; and amend the language so that 30% of elector signatures obtained in each district will allow the petition initiative to be placed on the ballot, and will require 60% of the electors votes to pass for charter amendments and ordinances.
- **Article 7.4 –**
 - Each County Commissioner shall appoint 3 citizens to serve on the Charter Review Commission (totaling 15 members); 12 members shall make a quorum and 2/3 of the 12 members to pass a vote; and the CRC shall be appointed no more than 8 years apart
 - The BOCC shall provide CRC a list of no less than 3 attorneys before the 1st CRC meeting to allow CRC to rank and provide recommendation to the BOCC for approval

Item 4: Review/Discussion of Home Rule Charter in accordance with Ordinance #08-14

- **Attorney Review** – discussion only
- **Public Education** – discussion only
- **Superintendent Elected/Appointed (Hired) Basis** – A motion was made and seconded to add a new section to Article 6 of the Charter so that the School Board Superintendent position is appointed by the School Board versus an elected position, via a search committee selected by the School Board; and if this Charter amendment passes, the current superintendent position would finish out term and the appointed (hired) process would go into effect in 2016; the motion failed 9/3.
- **Special Elections** – A motion was made and seconded to add a new section to Article 6 of the Charter so that all referendums shall take place at the general election; the motion passed 12/0.
- **Enforcement of Charter** – The Commission discussed the need to educate the public as well as the Code Enforcement Board and Supervisor of Elections, that the Code Enforcement Board has the authority to enforce violations of the Charter per Florida Statute.

Item 5: CRC Attorney Budget Update – Beginning budget was \$5,400; remaining budget is \$4,162.50

Item 6: Citizens Requesting to Speak - None

Item 7: Next Charter Review Meeting: The next meeting will be held on Tuesday, May 20, 2014 at 6:00p.m. at the TCC-Wakulla Center.

Item 8: The meeting adjourned at 8:51p.m.



FLORIDA DEPARTMENT *of* STATE

CHARLIE CRIST
Governor

**KURT S.
BROWNING**
Secretary of State

March 3, 2010

Honorable Scott J. Brock
Mayor, City of Coral Springs
9551 W. Sample Road
Coral Springs, Florida 33065

RE: DE 10-02
Advertising; Nonpartisan Candidate – posting party
affiliation on Internet social networking websites
§ 97.021(20), Florida Statutes.

Dear Mayor Brock:

This letter responds to a request for an advisory opinion submitted by your city attorney on behalf of the City Commission of the City of Coral Springs. Because the members of the City Commission are persons engaged in political activities, the Division of Elections has authority to issue the City Commission an opinion pursuant to section 106.23(2), Florida Statutes (2009).

Your city attorney asks:

May an elected nonpartisan City Commissioner or a candidate for such position post his or her party affiliation on [his or her] personal Facebook page, or does such posting constitute an improper political advertisement or public representation of his or her political affiliation under Chapter 106, Florida Statutes?

Your attorney states that your city ordinance provides “each candidate for elected municipal office shall not campaign as a member of any political party or publicly represent or advertise himself as a member of any political party.” The ordinance further provides that elections for municipal office in Coral Springs are nonpartisan. The Division of Elections has no authority to interpret provisions of municipal charters or ordinances; therefore, this opinion limits itself to the interpretation of Florida’s Election Code (chapters 97-106, Florida Statutes).

Honorable Scott J. Brock
March 3, 2010
Page 2 of 3

Section 97.021(20), Florida Statutes (2009), defines a nonpartisan office as one “for which a candidate is prohibited from campaigning or qualifying for election or retention in office based upon party affiliation.” The Election Code does not define “campaigning.” According to *Black's Law Dictionary*, it includes all acts done to bring about a candidate's election.¹ Therefore, the Election Code precludes a *nonpartisan candidate* from doing any act to bring about the candidate's election *based upon party affiliation*. This prohibition would include campaigning for a nonpartisan office based upon party affiliation on an Internet social networking site. We adhere to our statements in *Division of Elections Opinion 03-02* (February 21, 2003), where we stated to a nonpartisan candidate concerning his political advertisements:²

[A]s a nonpartisan municipal candidate, you may not publicly represent or advertise yourself as a member of any political party. Thus, information stating your political affiliation may not appear in your political advertising. It is permissible, however, for you to list partisan related experience such as “executive committee of _____ party” in campaign advertisements. In doing so you would simply be providing information on past experiences as opposed to “campaigning based on party affiliation.”

Again, the Election Code's prohibition is against a nonpartisan *candidate* “campaigning” or qualifying for elected office *based upon party affiliation*. Once candidates are elected, they are no longer “candidates” until they again satisfy the definition of “candidate” contained in sections 97.021(4) and 106.011(16), Florida Statutes. This usually occurs when a person first appoints a campaign treasurer and designates a primary campaign depository. Under state law, therefore, nonpartisan officeholders are not prohibited from publicly representing their party affiliation unless and until they again become a “candidate” at which point they are precluded from campaigning based upon party affiliation.

SUMMARY

Florida's Election Code defines a nonpartisan office as one “for which a candidate is prohibited from campaigning or qualifying for election or retention in office based upon party affiliation.” Therefore, a nonpartisan candidate may never campaign based upon party affiliation. This prohibition would include campaigning for a nonpartisan office based upon party affiliation on Internet social networking sites. However, the Election Code does not prohibit nonpartisan officeholders from publicly representing their party affiliation unless and until they again

¹ *Black's Law Dictionary* (6th Ed. 1990).

² A “political advertisement” means a paid expression in a statutorily-prescribed communications media which expressly advocates the election or defeat of the candidate. § 106.011(17), Fla. Stat. (2009). A message by a candidate on a social networking site posted without any cost to the candidate would not constitute a paid expression; therefore, it would not be a “political advertisement.” However, depending on the content of the message, such a posting may constitute “campaigning.”

Honorable Scott J. Brock
March 3, 2010
Page 3 of 3

become a "candidate" at which point they are precluded from campaigning based upon party affiliation.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be 'DLP', with a long horizontal line extending to the right.

Donald L. Palmer
Director, Division of Elections

cc: Samuel S. Goren, City Attorney, City of Coral Springs

FLORIDA ELECTIONS COMMISSION
PHONE LOG
Case No.: FEC 16-354

Respondent: John Shuff

Complainant: Hugh Taylor

1. **Date and time:** 01/11/17 @ 10:30 a.m.
Name: Henry Wells – Wakulla Co. SOE
Phone #: 850-926-7575

Summary: I called the supervisor of elections to ask him some questions concerning Chris Russell, chairman of the WCREC, and his involvement with the Republican candidate forum held on August 11, 2016.

I brought it to his attention that I had reviewed a newspaper article, dated August 18, 2016, from the Wakulla News relative to the candidate forum that was held on August 11, 2016 at the Wakulla Senior Center. I explained to him that in the article, he apparently met with Mr. Russell prior to the forum and had cautioned him about it. When asked to elaborate, the supervisor said that Mr. Russell called his office and they spoke on the phone, they did not meet face-to-face. The supervisor said that he had already taken some earlier telephone calls from Republican candidates asking him about the forum and he thought that is what precipitated Mr. Russell's telephone call to him.

The supervisor said that he had earlier contacted the Division's "Legal Department" and explained to them the circumstances. The supervisor said that the legal department's representative told him that they would be "skating on thin ice" by attending the forum. The supervisor said that he told Mr. Russell what he had been told by the Division's legal representative and he read him the statute concerning campaigning based on party affiliation. The supervisor said that he did not tell Mr. Russell that he could or could not hold the forum, only what the statute read. The supervisor said that Mr. Russell told him he was "wrong" and that he (Russell) had read the statutes himself. When asked, he said that he did not recall the date of his telephone conversation with Mr. Russell but he assumed it was shortly before the candidate forum scheduled for August 11, 2016.

When asked, the supervisor reiterated that Mr. Russell's telephone call to him was some time after one or two of the candidates had called his office asking about the candidate forum. I inquired of him, to make sure that I understood him correctly, that he read the statute over the telephone to Mr. Russell and that he did not provide him with anything in writing; he said that was correct. He added that he provided a written copy, a cut-and-paste of the statute, to a local citizen who had previously e-mailed his office with a concern about the forum and he provided the same written response to the local newspaper whenever they called his office.

I inquired of him as to whether or not Mr. Russell had contacted him previously about anything involving non-partisan elections; he said he had not. When asked, the supervisor said that the 2016 election was the first year of having non-partisan elections.

ATTACHMENT C

FLORIDA ELECTIONS COMMISSION
REPORT OF INVESTIGATION
Case No.: FEC 16-354

Respondent: John Shuff

Counsel for Respondent: Jason Gonzalez and Renatha Francis

Complainant: Hugh Taylor

On August 19, 2016, the Florida Elections Commission (“Commission”) received a sworn complaint alleging that Respondent violated Chapter 106, Florida Statutes. Commission staff investigated whether Respondent violated the following statute:

Section 106.143(3), Florida Statutes, prohibiting a candidate from campaigning based on his party affiliation while running for nonpartisan office.

I. Preliminary Information:

1. Respondent, John Shuff, was a candidate for the Wakulla County Commission, District 3; he was defeated on November 8, 2016. Respondent was also a candidate for the Wakulla County Commission during the 2012 election; however, he was defeated.

2. On November 3, 2015, Respondent’s “APPOINTMENT OF CAMPAIGN TREASURER AND DESIGNATION OF CAMPAIGN DEPOSITORY FOR CANDIDATES” form (DS-DE 9) was filed with the Wakulla County Supervisor of Elections’ office. Respondent appointed Jan Colvin to serve as his campaign treasurer. To review the DS-DE 9 form, refer to Exhibit 1.

3. Respondent is represented by Jason Gonzalez and Renatha Francis of the firm, Shutts & Bowen, LLP.

4. Complainant, Hugh Taylor, is a resident of Wakulla County; he is involved with a local group known as “Concerned Citizens of Wakulla.” This group is not a political committee.

II. Alleged Violation of Section 106.143(3), Florida Statutes:

5. I investigated whether Respondent violated this section of the election laws by campaigning based on his party affiliation while running for a nonpartisan office.

6. Complainant essentially alleged that Respondent campaigned based on party affiliation while running for a nonpartisan office¹.

¹ Wakulla County Supervisor of Elections Henry F. Wells stated that the 2016 election was the first year for nonpartisan elections.

7. Complainant noted that the Wakulla County Republican Executive Committee (WCREC) held a partisan forum on August 11, 2016. As part of his complaint, Complainant offered a number of articles from the local newspaper, *The Wakulla News*², addressing the forum. Each of the articles will be discussed in the following paragraphs.

Article titled, “Republican Executive Committee plans forum Aug. 11.”

8. According to Complainant, the article appeared in the newspaper on July 21, 2016. The article reported that the WCREC would be hosting a Republican Candidates Forum on August 11 at the Senior Citizens Center. The second paragraph of the article reads, “REC Chairman Chris Russell advised that the Executive Committee felt it was vitally important to allow the voters an opportunity to hear firsthand from the Republican candidates that may ultimately represent them.” According to the article, Respondent was one of the candidates who confirmed that he would be present at the forum. To review the newspaper article, refer to Exhibit 2.

Article titled, “Disappointed about Republican ‘forum.’”

9. According to Complainant, the article appeared in the newspaper on August 4, 2016. The article appeared to be in the form of a letter to the Editor from a local resident. According to the resident, AL Shylkofski, Chris Russell allegedly indicated that the forum would be exclusively for registered Republican candidates.” To review the letter to the Editor, refer to Exhibit 3.

Article titled, “Republican forum draws concern.”

10. According to Complainant, the article appeared in the newspaper on August 18, 2016. According to the article, Respondent attended the event. The article reported that two candidates, Chuck Hess and Nikki Barnes, were not invited because they were registered Democrats. To review the newspaper article titled “Republican forum draws concern,” refer to Exhibit 4.

11. In addition to the newspaper articles, Complainant offered a copy of a document titled, “Wakulla County Charter Review Commission Summary of Proposed Amended/Revised Articles.” Article 2.1 reads, “All candidates shall be nonpartisan in the Primary election, settled by 50% + 1, the top 2 candidates shall go to the General election (unless in conflict w/ Supervisor of Elections Laws).” According to the document, it appears that the articles listed in the document were revised on June 9, 2014³. To review the charter review document, refer to Exhibit 5.

12. Complainant offered a video taken at the candidate’s forum as well as an affidavit

² The newspaper is delivered by mail to subscribers every Thursday.

³ Although not found on the document provided by Complainant as part of the complaint, Commission staff found a similar document which shows Respondent was a member of the county charter review commission. Respondent was in attendance when the issue was discussed at a meeting held on May 6, 2014.

from Carrie Hess⁴. In her affidavit, Ms. Hess attested that she attended the candidate's forum at the senior center on August 11, 2016. She further attested that she recorded the events of the forum on her camera. To review the affidavit of Carrie Hess, refer to Exhibit 6.

13. Commission staff reviewed a video from the forum. In it, WCREC Chairman Chris Russell introduced Respondent, and his opponent, Mike Stewart, as District 3 candidates. Respondent did not mention his political party affiliation during his speech; however, at the conclusion of his speech, Respondent asked those in attendance "to consider voting for John Shuff, District 3." "Vote Republican" signs were displayed on and near the stage while Respondent addressed those in attendance. To review a still-shot of WCREC Chairman Chris Russell speaking at the forum, refer to Exhibit 7. To review a still-shot of Respondent speaking at the forum, refer to Exhibit 8.

14. Respondent submitted a response to address Complainant's allegation. Respondent's position is that Section 106.143(3), Florida Statutes, pertains to "Political advertisements circulated prior to election; requirements." Respondent stated, "Paragraph (3), specifically pertains to political advertisement of a candidate running for partisan and non-partisan office. Section 106.143(3) does not pertain to attending an event or 'the spoken word in direct conversation,' it pertains to political advertisement." To review Respondent's response, refer to Exhibit 9.

15. Respondent was offered an opportunity to complete and return a questionnaire-affidavit to address additional inquiries from the Commission staff relative to the candidate's forum; Respondent declined to return the questionnaire-affidavit⁵.

16. In an affidavit, Wakulla County Supervisor of Elections Henry Wells attested that he did not have any discussion with Respondent concerning the candidate's forum. To review the filing officer affidavit, refer to Exhibit 10.

17. In a telephone interview, Mr. Wells stated that he had a discussion with Chris Russell, the chairman of the WCREC, concerning the candidate's forum. Mr. Wells stated that he received a telephone call from Mr. Russell asking him questions relative to the candidate's forum. Mr. Wells explained that he had received an earlier telephone call from a local republican candidate who had asked him about the forum so he (Wells) had called and discussed the circumstances of the candidate's forum with the Division of Elections "Legal Department."

18. Mr. Wells continued that after explaining the circumstances to the legal department, he was informed that they would be "skating on thin ice." According to Mr. Wells, he relayed what he was told by the legal department to Mr. Russell when Mr. Russell called his

⁴ In a telephone interview, Ms. Hess said that she was reluctant to answer questions as her husband is the current commissioner representing District 5. She did confirm the statements made in the affidavit—that she attended the forum and recorded the forum by using her camera.

⁵ In correspondence dated April 28, 2017, Respondent's counsel, Jason Gonzalez, noted that his client would like to rely upon his response to the complaint. Additionally, counsel stated that his client continues to maintain that the complaint failed "to state a claim, as it does not allege any legally sufficient violation of Chapter 104 or 106, Florida Statutes."

office. Mr. Wells stated that he also read the statute addressing campaigning based on party affiliation with Mr. Russell. He further stated that he did not advise Mr. Russell that he could or could not hold the forum, only reiterating to him the statutes. According to Mr. Wells, Mr. Russell told him that he was “wrong” as he had read the statutes himself. Mr. Wells added that he was unsure of the date of his telephone conversation with Mr. Russell but believed it transpired about a week or so prior to the candidate’s forum held on August 11, 2016.

19. As part of the questionnaire-affidavit, Respondent was asked whether he had spoken with Chris Russell or anyone else regarding the forum before the event to inquire whether or not he should attend and speak at the forum. In addition, Respondent was asked whether anyone informed him that the supervisor of elections indicated that it might be inappropriate for non-partisan candidates to attend and speak at the forum. As per paragraph 15, Respondent declined to return the questionnaire-affidavit. To review a copy of the questionnaire-affidavit, refer to Exhibit 11.

20. No record was found to indicate that Respondent has previously violated this section of the election laws.

III. FEC History:

21. Respondent has no prior history with the Florida Elections Commission.

Conclusion:

22. On May 11, 2017, I interviewed Jason Gonzalez, Respondent’s counsel, by telephone to provide him with a brief overview of the case and to afford him an opportunity for questions or comments. Counsel, addressing the candidate’s forum and the presence of the “Vote Republican” signs, said that there was nothing to suggest that his client was responsible for the signs being present at the forum nor any suggestion that he paid for the signs.

23. In an affidavit, Wakulla County Supervisor of Elections Henry F. Wells attested that his office provided Respondent with Chapter 106, Florida Statutes, as well as the *Candidate and Campaign Treasurer Handbook*. Mr. Wells further attested that Respondent was also a candidate in 2012. To review the filing officer affidavit, refer to Exhibit 10.

24. Respondent executed a Statement of Candidate form indicating that he had been provided access to read and understand the requirements of Chapter 106, Florida Statutes; the form is dated as having been signed November 3, 2015. To review the Statement of Candidate form, refer to Exhibit 12.

Respectfully submitted on May 25, 2017.



Keith Smith
Investigation Specialist

Current address of Respondent

John Shuff
87 Tupelo Drive
Crawfordville, Florida 32327

Current address of Complainant

Hugh Taylor
1357 MLK Road
Crawfordville, Florida 32327

Current Address of Respondent's Atty.:

Jason Gonzalez
Shutts & Bowen LLP
215 South Monroe Street – Suite 804
Tallahassee, Florida 32301

Renatha Francis
Shutts & Bowen LLP
200 South Biscayne Boulevard, Suite 4100
Miami, Florida 33131

Name and Address of Filing Officer:

The Honorable Henry F. Wells
Supervisor of Elections
Post Office Box 305
Crawfordville, Florida 32326

Copy furnished to: David Flagg, Investigations Manager

FLORIDA ELECTIONS COMMISSION
REPORT OF INVESTIGATION
John Shuff -- FEC 16-354

LIST OF EXHIBITS	
Exhibits #s	Description of Exhibits
Exhibit 1	DS-DE 9
Exhibit 2	Newspaper article dated 07/21/16
Exhibit 3	Letter to the Editor article
Exhibit 4	Newspaper article dated 08/18/16
Exhibit 5	Charter review document
Exhibit 6	Affidavit – Carrie Hess
Exhibit 7	Still-shot of Chris Russell
Exhibit 8	Still-shot of Respondent
Exhibit 9	Respondent's response
Exhibit 10	Filing Officer Q/A
Exhibit 11	Respondent's Q/A
Exhibit 12	Statement of Candidate

RECEIVED

2015 NOV -3 A 11: 59

SUPERVISOR OF ELECTIONS
WAKULLA COUNTY, FLORIDA

APPOINTMENT OF CAMPAIGN TREASURER
AND DESIGNATION OF CAMPAIGN
DEPOSITORY FOR CANDIDATES

(Section 106.021(1), F.S.)

(PLEASE PRINT OR TYPE)

NOTE: This form must be on file with the qualifying
officer before opening the campaign account.

OFFICE USE ONLY

1. CHECK APPROPRIATE BOX(ES):

Initial Filing of Form Re-filing to Change: Treasurer/Deputy Depository Office Party

2. Name of Candidate (in this order: First, Middle, Last)

John Winfred Shuff

3. Address (Include post office box or street, city, state, zip code)

87 Tupelo Dr.
Crawfordville FL
32327

4. Telephone

(850) 926-3989

5. E-mail address

jwshuff3@yahoo.com

6. Office sought (include district, circuit, group number)

County Commission Dist. 3

7. If a candidate for a nonpartisan office, check if applicable:

My intent is to run as a Write-In candidate.

8. If a candidate for a partisan office, check block and fill in name of party as applicable: My intent is to run as a

Write-In No Party Affiliation _____ Party candidate.

9. I have appointed the following person to act as my Campaign Treasurer Deputy Treasurer

10. Name of Treasurer or Deputy Treasurer

Jan H. Colvin

11. Mailing Address

1093 Hawthorn Mill Rd

12. Telephone

(850) 528-5562

13. City

Crawfordville

14. County

Wakulla

15. State

FL

16. Zip Code

32327

17. E-mail address

janverie@aol.com

18. I have designated the following bank as my Primary Depository Secondary Depository

19. Name of Bank

Prime Meridian Bank

20. Address

2201 Crawfordville Hwy

21. City

Crawfordville

22. County

Wakulla

23. State

FL

24. Zip Code

32327

UNDER PENALTIES OF PERJURY, I DECLARE THAT I HAVE READ THE FOREGOING FORM FOR APPOINTMENT OF CAMPAIGN TREASURER AND DESIGNATION OF CAMPAIGN DEPOSITORY AND THAT THE FACTS STATED IN IT ARE TRUE.

25. Date

November 2, 2015

26. Signature of Candidate

X 

27. Treasurer's Acceptance of Appointment (fill in the blanks and check the appropriate block)

I, Jan H. Colvin, do hereby accept the appointment
(Please Print or Type Name)

designated above as: Campaign Treasurer Deputy Treasurer.

11-2-15

Date

X Jan H. Colvin

Signature of Campaign Treasurer or Deputy Treasurer

Republican Executive Committee plans forum Aug. 11

Special to The News

The Wakulla County Republican Executive Committee (REC) will be hosting a Republican Candidates Forum on Thursday Aug. 11, at the Senior Citizens Center, starting at 6:30 p.m.

REC Chairman Chris Russell advised that the Executive Committee felt it was vitally important to allow the voters an opportunity to hear firsthand from the Republican candidates that may ultimately represent them. The forum will feature candidates running for local, state, and federal office. He noted that 12 of the 14 candidates running for local office are registered Republicans and that the U.S. Congressional District 2 seat has an overwhelming high probability of being filled by a registered Republican. This compliments the two school board seats that were up for election this cycle and will remain filled by Republicans, as both of those candidates went unopposed.

Russell stated that the number of registered Republicans in Wakulla County has dramatically increased over the last couple of years and he credits that with local voters making a stronger stand on issues they hold dear, such as constitutional rights, the protection of the unborn, and domestic security. He said more local Republicans are

now getting involved as candidates, and pointed out the fact that for the first time in modern history, Wakulla County will elect both a Sheriff and a Property Appraiser, that are registered as Republicans. Mr. Russell closed by stating that he appreciated the Christian Coalition's willingness to re-schedule the event they previously planned for Aug. 11, that by doing so, more voters will now have an opportunity to hear firsthand from the candidates running to represent them.

The following candidate campaigns have confirmed they will be present at the forum: BOCC District 1 candidate Ralph Thomas, BOCC District 3 candidates John Shuff and Mike Stewart, BOCC District 5 candidates Richard Harden and Gordon Millender, Property Appraiser candidates Ed Brinner, Brad Harvey, and Steve Remke, Sheriff candidates Charlie Creel, Jared Miller, and Bill Poole, Florida House of Representatives District 7 incumbent Halsey Besthears, State Attorney's Office candidate Pete Williams, and U.S. Congressional District 2 candidates Neal Dunn, Ken Sukhia, and Mary Thomas.

More information about the forum can be found at the REC's home facebook page: www.facebook.com/wakullarepublicans/

7/21/16

THE WAKULLA
NEWS.

EXHIBIT "B"

EXHIBIT

2

The Opinion Page

READERS WRITE:

Public invited to coalition forum Aug. 8

Editor, The News:

We would love to invite everyone in the county to our first candidate forum, to be held Aug. 8, at 7 p.m. at the Wakulla County Public Library. This forum will be dedicated to those candidates running for office in county commission Districts 3 and 5.

The forum will be in a moderated forum format, with questions from the audience turned in to a moderator, with no questions directly from the floor.

Becoming informed is a civic duty, and we have offered these forums to help citizens know about the candidates and their positions.

on issues. Part of our mission is education and we can think of nothing better than making candidate positions and platforms available to the most people possible.

We believe all candidates should be included as the primary will turn out to be the election that could possibly elect a new commissioner, so we encourage all citizens to drop in and hear the candidates then get ready to vote.

Remember, early voting starts Aug. 20.

Thank you.

Jennie V. Jones

President
Wakulla County Christian Coalition

8/14/14
THE WAKULLA
NEWS
EXHIBIT
"E"

Disappointed about Republican forum

Editor, The News:

I am disappointed by the actions of the Republican Executive Committee Chairman, Chris Russell and the Wakulla County Republican Party for advertising and scheduling a partisan forum whose participants are limited only to registered Republican candidates.

I am a registered Republican and believe the public is best served when they have the opportunity to see and hear all candidates.

Wakulla County's local elections are non-partisan (political-party candidates not allowed) and, according to Wakulla County's Supervisor of Elections Buddy Wells, and Florida law F.S. 106.143, "A candidate for nonpartisan office is prohibited from campaigning based on

party affiliation. There is no ambiguity in the Republican Executive Committee (REC) invitation. Chris Russell, the Republican Executive Committee chairman emphasizes that the GOP forum is exclusively for "registered Republican candidates" in a "Special to The News" report in the July 21. The Wakulla News, and on the Wakulla County Republican Party's Facebook page.

Russell, of all people, should know Florida's election laws on non-partisan elections, he led Wakulla County's Charter Review Committee, proposed by Wakulla County Commissioner Ralph Thomas that helped change Wakulla County elections to non-partisan races.

Now, Republican candidates, and arguably, Wakulla's Republican Party, face

a sticky situation. The REC's apparent disregard for Florida's elections laws puts Wakulla County's registered Republican candidates in a spot where they, running as non-partisan candidates attending this exclusive GOP forum could make themselves vulnerable to violating Florida's law.

It should not have to be said that Wakulla County's voters deserve an opportunity to ask questions of all candidates and hear them state their positions on how they would serve Wakulla County.

We should all strive to adhere to Florida's laws. Politicians who ignore our laws threaten the public's

EXHIBIT 3

Al Shylkofski
Crawfordville

Republican forum draws concern

Complaint reportedly filed with state claiming violation of non-partisan elections

By WILLIAM SNOWDEN
editor@thewakullanews.net

A forum held by Wakulla Republicans last week reportedly drew an elections complaint after local candidates who are registered Democrats were not invited to attend.

The state Elections Commission would not verify a complaint had been filed, but a person close to the matter confirmed that a complaint was filed on Friday, Aug. 12, the day after the forum, against the local executive committee and the candidates who attended.

All of Wakulla's local races are non-partisan — except the Superintendent of Schools. The political parties can still support candidates with money and other help, but the candidates are not allowed to campaign using their party affiliation.

At the senior center on Thursday night, the local party invited Republican candidates in local and area elections.



PHOTO BY WILLIAM SNOWDEN

The audience was standing-room only at the GOP forum on Thursday.

Chuck Hess and Nikki Barnes, two candidates in the non-partisan county commission races, were not invited because they are registered Democrats. Howard Kessler, who is a registered Republican, did not attend the forum out of concern that all candidates weren't invited.

Supervisor of Elections Buddy Wells met with Republican Party Chair Chris Russell about the concerns of possible violations and warned that the Republicans were "on thin ice."

Russell and the members of the executive committee reviewed the law and contend there is no violation.

At the start of the Thursday night forum,

which was attended by nearly 200 people and was standing-room only in the senior center, Russell referred to the controversy, but indirectly, reassuring attendees and candidates that "This is not a problem," and "This is nothing new."

But many of the candidates who attended were unaware of the controversy and the threat of an election complaint. Some who were aware of the controversy said simply that they had received an invitation to speak and were going wherever they were invited.

Sheriff Charlie Creel, in an abundance of caution, told the crowd that, on the advice of his attorney, he would not speak at the event.

He offered to talk after the event — and walked away from the podium to silence and a few muffled boos.

Creel and the other two candidates for sheriff, Jared Miller and Bill Poole, are all registered Republicans. Miller had heard of the controversy and went ahead with his stump speech, while Poole was unaware of it and admitted afterwards that he was mystified by Creel's comments.

After the event, Russell would not talk on the record about the controversy.

It's not clear if the Democrats violated the non-partisan laws at their May gala at Wakulla Springs when Barnes and Hess spoke

Turn to Page 5A

5/15/16
THE
Wakulla
news
(1)
EXHIBIT
174



EXHIBIT

4 (1&2)

Republican forum draws concern

From Front Page

there, but no other candidates spoke. (Barnes was chair of the local Democratic Party until she was required to step down when qualifying as a candidate for county commission.) There was no election complaint filed alleging a violation at the Democratic event.

CANDIDATES AT THE FORUM

Russell served as Master of Ceremonies at the forum, which included many candidates from local and area races. State Rep. Halsey Beshears, whose district includes Wakulla but who has no opposition for re-election, helped with timekeeping.

Republican congressional candidates Ken Sukhia, Mary Thomas and Neal Dunn gave their stump speeches.

Sukhia, a former federal prosecutor for the Northern District of Florida, said that "People run as conservatives and then govern as moderates." He painted himself as a law-and-order conservative who wants to defend the American way of life.

Thomas, an attorney in the office of Gov. Rick Scott, noted her endorsement by the NRA and said she is the only candidate in the race to endorse Donald Trump for president. That drew applause from the crowd, as it did when she repeated Trump's pledge to "Make America great again."

Dunn, a surgeon, said his three priorities in office will be health care, the economy, and national security. "The White House has more damage to the military than ISIS," he said.

Pete Williams, Republican candidate for state attorney and a former statewide prosecutor, spoke of the problems of different treatment for the same crimes under current state attorney, Willie Meggs, who is retiring and whom Williams never mentioned by name.

Williams vowed to spend one day a week in each county in the circuit to discuss local concerns. Williams will face a Democrat in the November general election, either Sean Desmond or Jack Campbell.

Local candidates at the event, in addition to the sheriff's candidates, included Ralph Thomas, running for re-election to county commission, district 1; Mike Stewart and John Shuff, candidates for district 3; Richard Harden and Gordon Millender for district 5; and two of the three candidates for property appraiser, Steve Remke and Brad Harvey. Ed Brimmer was not at the event, and no reason was given for his absence.

THE WAKULLA
NEWS

71 (2)

EXHIBIT

4 (202)

Wakulla County Charter Review Commission Summary of Proposed Amended/Revised Articles

The following is a list of Articles for which the CRC has voted & approved to amend/revise:

- ✓ **Article 2.1 –**
 - All candidates shall be nonpartisan in the Primary election, settled by 50% + 1, the top 2 candidates shall go to the General election (unless in conflict w/ Supervisor of Elections Laws)
 - Shall be five single member districts for BOCC

- ✓ **Article 2.3 –**
 - Mandatory residency requirement – must provide a declaration/oath of living in district for 6 months prior to qualifying date. Must also provide 3 out of the following 4 other categories providing proof of residency: (1) vehicle registration; (2) voter registration card; (3) Florida Driver’s License and/or Florida Identification Card; (4) a notarized statement of residency from home-owner, or homestead exemption card, or leasing/renting statement.
 -

- ✓ **Article 6 –**
 - Add a new subsection regarding “Special Elections/Referendums” that reads all referendums shall take place at the general election

- ✓ **Article 6.1 –**
 - Add language that reads 60% of the electors votes shall be required to pass charter amendments and ordinances.

- ✓ **Article 6.2 –**
 - All local officers shall be subject to recall

- ✓ **Article 7.4 –**
 - Each County Commissioner shall appoint 3 citizens to serve on the Charter Review Commission (totaling 15 members); 12 members shall make a quorum and 2/3 of the 12 members to pass a vote; and the CRC shall be appointed no more than 8 years apart
 - The BOCC shall provide CRC a list of no less than 3 attorneys before the 1st CRC meeting to allow CRC to rank and provide recommendation to the BOCC for approval

- ✓ **New Article –**
 - The BOCC shall adopt, and adhere to, a debt policy that regulates the acceptance, issuance, and management of debt. The BOCC shall also adhere to the fund balance policy.

(Revised June 9, 2014)

AFFIDAVIT

State of Florida

County of Wakulla

I, Carrie A. Hess, swear that I attended the "Wakulla County Republican Executive Committee Republican Candidates Forum" where on the Wakulla County Chamber of Commerce website, the public was invited to "come out to the Senior Citizens Center and meet the Republican Candidates running for all local offices (BOCC, Sheriff, Property Appraiser)..." held on August 11th, 2016 and that I recorded the proceedings on my camera in seven parts, which recordings have been accurately transferred from the original recordings to the thumb drives submitted with this affidavit. Recording in seven parts were necessary due to limitations of my camera.

[Handwritten signature of Carrie A. Hess]

Carrie A. Hess

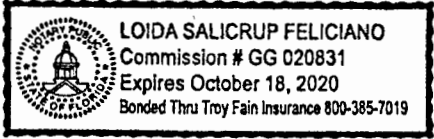


prelown: 7-12-2022

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 5 day of November, 2016

[Handwritten signature of Loida Salicrup Feliciano]

Notary Public



Loida Salicrup Feliciano

Print or stamp name of notary public

EXHIBIT 6

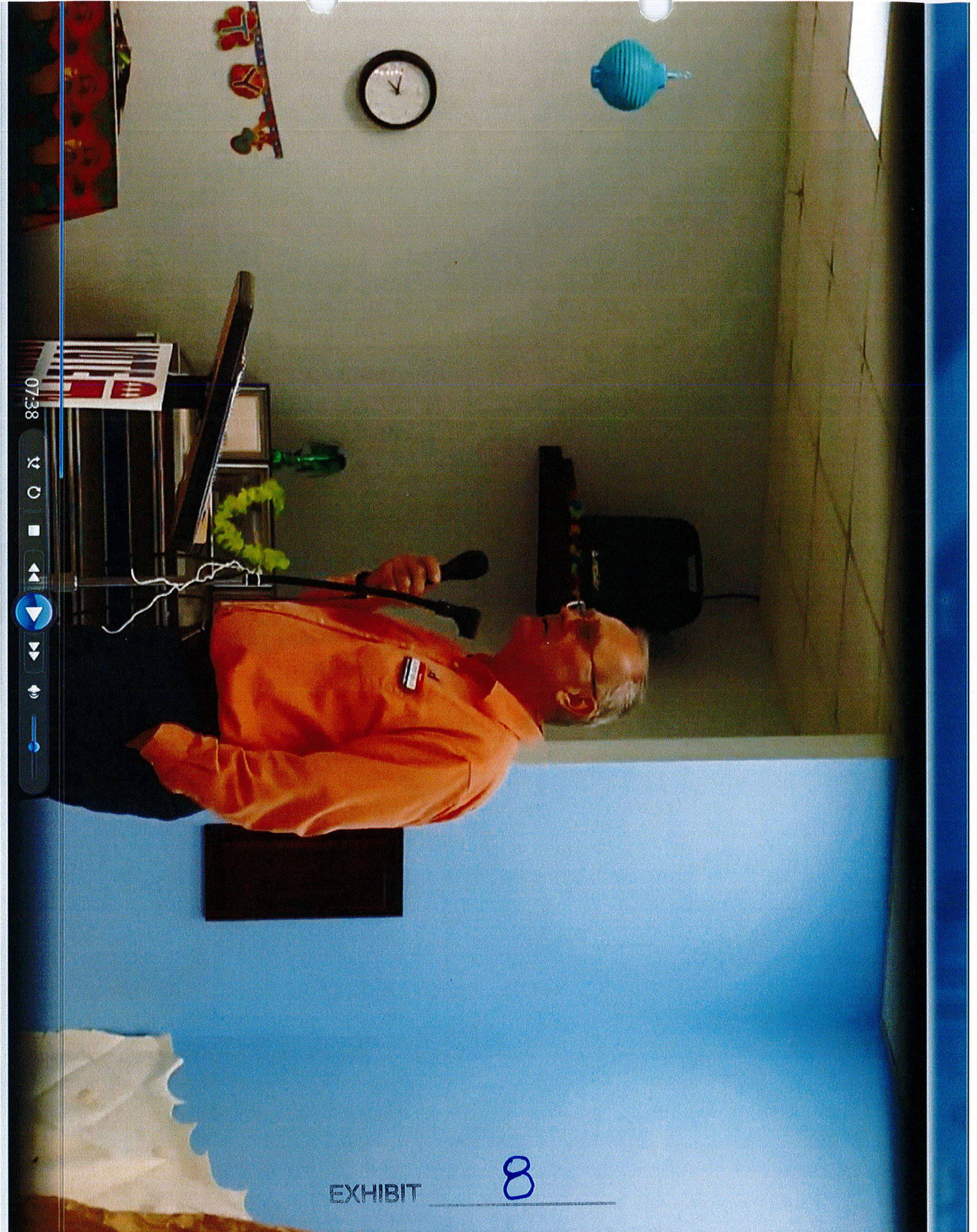
NOTARY SEAL



EXHIBIT 7

00:04





EXHIBIT

8

John Shuff
87 Tupelo Drive
Crawfordville, FL 32327
(850) 567-3989

RECEIVED

2016 SEP -8 P 2:57

STATE OF FLORIDA
ELECTIONS COMMISSION

Florida Elections Commission
107 W. Gaines Street
Suite 224 Collins Building
Tallahassee, FL 32399-1050

RE: Case No.: FEC 16-354; Respondent John Shuff

To whom it may concern,

In accordance with Florida Statutes, Section 106.25(2), please accept this letter as my official response to the complaint filed by Mr. Hugh Taylor. I have reviewed the entirety of the complaint filed by Mr. Taylor. It is my understanding that Mr. Taylor's complaint contains two alleged violations of Florida Statutes. I have listed both of Mr. Taylor's alleged violations below along with my responses.

Alleged Violation #1

"In attending the partisan Republican Forum, the subject violated 104.43.3(3) in that he campaigned as a Republican Party member in a non-partisan Wakulla County."

Response #1

I believe Mr. Taylor intended to reference Florida Statute 106.143(3). Mr. Taylor alleges that my attendance at an event is a violation of 106.143(3). The entirety of 106.143 pertains to **"Political advertisements circulated prior to election; requirements"**. Paragraph (3), specifically pertains to **political advertisement** of a candidate running for partisan and non-partisan office. 106.143(3) does not pertain to attending an event or "the spoken word in direct conversation", it pertains to **political advertisement**. Florida Statute 106.011(15) states, "'Political advertisement' means a paid expression in a communications medium prescribed in subsection (4), whether radio, television, newspaper, magazine, periodical, campaign literature, direct mail, or display or by means **other than the spoken word in direct conversation**, which expressly advocates the election or defeat of a candidate or the approval or rejection of an issue." Mr. Taylor's complaint did not include a single document or other evidence that I utilized a **political advertisement circulated prior to election** in violation of 106.143. I respectfully request that a finding of legally insufficient be determined on alleged violation #1.

Alleged Violation #2

"Additionally, subject violated the following statute (104.091 below) by aiding, agreeing to attend, confederating, combined with, knew of the felony violation, gave aid to the offender who violated the code (the REC).

Response #2

As mentioned in response #1, Mr. Taylor incorrectly referred to Florida Statute 104.43.3(3), in his alleged violation #1, therefore, only one of his alleged violations pertain to Florida Statute 104, specifically 104.091. 104.091 pertains to **"Aiding, abetting, advising, or conspiring in violation of the code"**. In other words, there was a violation of at least one additional section of the

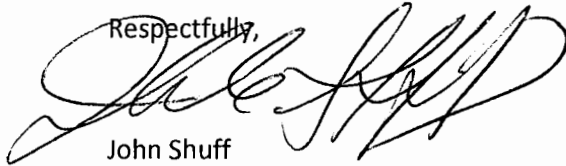
EXHIBIT 9 (1042)

Election Code, Florida Statute 104 in order to make an accusation of **“aiding, abetting, advising, or conspiring in violation of the code”**. Since Mr. Taylor’s complaint did not allege a violation of another section of Florida Statute 104, there is no basis for the accusation that I have also violated 104.091 by **“aiding, abetting, advising, or conspiring in violation of the code”**. I respectfully request that a finding of legally insufficient be determined on alleged violation #2.

Given the lack of documents or other evidence to support Mr. Taylor’s complaint, I respectfully request that a finding of legally insufficient be determined on this complaint.

I appreciate your assistance with this matter.

Respectfully,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'John Shuff', written in a cursive style.

John Shuff

AFFIDAVIT OF FILING OFFICER
Case Number: FEC 16-354

RECEIVED

2017 MAR 23 P 4: 19

STATE OF FLORIDA
County of Wakulla

STATE OF FLORIDA
DIVISION OF ELECTIONS COMMISSION

Henry F. Wells "Buddy", being duly sworn, says:

1. This affidavit is made upon my personal knowledge.
2. I am of legal age and competent to testify to the matters stated herein. I am currently employed by Wakulla County as Supervisor of Elections
3. Please provide copies of the listed items from the following candidate's campaign file:
John Shuff.

Check	ITEM
X	The Statement of Candidate form. - Years 2012 & 2016 – same for next question
X	Appointments of Treasurers and Designation of Campaign Depository form.

4. Please check each item provided to the candidate or his staff, and list the date that the item was provided.

Check	ITEM	DATE
X	Chapter 106, <i>Florida Statutes</i>	02-13-2012 & 11-2-2015
X	<i>Candidate and Campaign Treasurer Handbook</i> Please indicate Year <u>2012 & 2016</u>	Same times
	Other:	

5. Relative to Chapter 106, *Florida Statutes* and the *Candidate and Campaign Treasurer Handbook*, how are these publications provided to the candidate and/or his staff?

- Publications are given directly to the candidate and/or his staff.**
- Publications are available in the office, candidate and/or his staff are advised to pick-up the publications for themselves.

Any local publications relative to the Election laws that may have been provided in lieu of the Candidate and Campaign Treasurer Handbook published by the Division of Elections. If your office published the item(s), please send a copy of the item(s) with the affidavit.

EXHIBIT 10 (1&2)

- o Candidate and/or his staff are advised to download copies of the publications from our website or the Division of Elections' website.
- o **Other, please explain. Advised that all information available on the office website**

6. Does your office have any record of Mr. Shuff having sought elective office within your jurisdiction prior to the 2016 election? (X) Yes or () No. If yes, please list the previous office(s) he ran for, the date(s) of the election(s), and the result(s) of the election(s).

County Commission District 5 2012 – Richard Harden 6,918=48.99% - John Shuff 4,361=30.88%
Emily Smith 2,841=20.12%
County Commission District 3 2016 – Mike Stewart 7,966=54.75% - John Shuff 6,584=45.25

7. Does your office have any record of Mr. Shuff having been named as a chairperson or Campaign treasurer of a political committee or electioneering communication Organization within your jurisdiction () Yes or (X) No. If yes, please list the name(s) of the committees.

None

8. Did you have any discussion with Mr. Shuff concerning the issue of holding and/or attending a candidate's forum to be held by the Wakulla County Republican Executive Committee at the senior center? () Yes or (X) No. If yes, please answer the following questions.

A.) Did you speak with Mr. Shuff in person or via telephone? _____ With him, did he initiate contact with you? _____

B.) When (on what date, approximately) did you speak with him? N/A

C.) In the space below, please explain in as much detail as you can, what you told him relative to attending the candidate's forum. None

I SWEAR OR AFFIRM THAT THE INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS DOCUMENT IS COMPLETE AND ACCURATE TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE

[Handwritten Signature]

Signature of Affiant

Sworn to (or affirmed) and subscribed before me this

23 day of March, 2017

[Handwritten Signature]

Signature of Notary Public - State of Florida

Print, Type, or Stamp Commissioned Name of Notary Public



CELINA L. GREENE
MY COMMISSION # GG 005499
EXPIRES: June 23, 2020
Bonded Thru Budget Notary Services

Personally Known or Produced

Identification _____

Type of Identification Produced:

EXHIBIT 10 (202)

AFFIDAVIT OF BACKGROUND INFORMATION
Case Number: FEC 16-354

STATE OF FLORIDA
County of Wakulla

John Shuff, being duly sworn, says:

1. This affidavit is made upon my personal knowledge.
2. I am of legal age and competent to testify to the matters stated herein. I am currently employed by _____ as _____.
3. Prior to your 2016 campaign, had you ever run for public office? If so, please name the office(s) you ran for and the date(s) of the election(s) you ran in.

4. Have you ever been appointed to act as a campaign treasurer for a candidate? If so, please name the candidate(s) you served as treasurer, the office(s) the candidate ran for, and the dates of the election(s).

5. Have you ever held the office of chairperson or treasurer for a political committee? If so, please list the names and addresses of the committees and dates when you held the position.

6. What action have you taken to determine your responsibilities under Florida's election laws?

7. Do you possess a copy of Chapter 106, Florida Statutes? Yes No

EXHIBIT 11 (1 of 4)

8. If so, when did you first obtain it? _____

9. Have you read Chapter 106, Florida Statutes? Yes No

10. Do you possess a copy of the *Candidate and Campaign Treasurer Handbook*? Yes No

11. If so, when did you first obtain it? _____

12. Have you read the *Candidate and Campaign Treasurer Handbook*? Yes No

13. Did you receive an invitation to attend the forum? If so, relative to the invitation, please provide answers to the following questions:

- o How did you receive the invitation? (i.e. – regular mail delivery, e-mail, etc.).

- o Who was the invitation from? _____

- o When (on what date, approximately) did you receive the invitation? If available, please provide a copy of the invitation.

14. Did you know that the forum was going to be exclusively for registered Republican candidates? If yes, when (on what date, approximately) and how did you learn that it was exclusively for registered Republican candidates?

15. Prior to attending the forum on August 11, 2016, had you read about or heard about any concerns from citizens relative to the forum? If yes, please elaborate.

EXHIBIT 11 (2EA)

16. Did you speak with Chris Russell or anyone else regarding the forum before the event, including whether or not you should attend and speak at the forum? If so, A.) please state whom you spoke with, B.) when you spoke with him/her, and C.) describe the conversation(s) in detail.

- A. _____
- B. _____
- C. _____

17. Did anyone tell you that the Wakulla County Supervisor of Elections indicated that it might be inappropriate for non-partisan candidates to attend and speak at the forum? If so, who told you and when?

18. As part of your response, you referenced Section 106.143(3), FS, and indicated that "Paragraph (3) specifically pertains to political advertisements of a candidate running for partisan and non-partisan office." Did you read this section of the election laws at any time prior to attending and speaking at the forum?

19. If your answer to question #18 is yes, did you inquire of anyone as to the provision listed in the last sentence of the paragraph which reads, "A candidate for nonpartisan office is prohibited from campaigning based on party affiliation."

20. What was your purpose in attending and eventually speaking at the forum?

EXHIBIT 11 (3 & 4)

I HEREBY SWEAR OR AFFIRM THAT THE FOREGOING INFORMATION IS TRUE AND CORRECT TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE.

Signature of Affiant

Sworn to (or affirmed) and subscribed before me this _____ day of _____, 20_____

Signature of Notary Public - State of Florida

Print, Type, or Stamp Commissioned Name of Notary Public

Personally Known _____ or Produced Identification _____

Type of Identification Produced: _____

Case Investigator: KS

EXHIBIT 11 (4 of 4)

**STATEMENT OF
CANDIDATE**

(Section 106.023, F.S.)

(Please print or type)

OFFICE USE ONLY

I, John Shuff,

candidate for the office of County Commission District 3;

have been provided access to read and understand the requirements of

Chapter 106, Florida Statutes.

X


Signature of Candidate

11-03-2015
Date

Each candidate must file a statement with the qualifying officer within 10 days after the Appointment of Campaign Treasurer and Designation of Campaign Depository is filed. Willful failure to file this form is a first degree misdemeanor and a civil violation of the Campaign Financing Act which may result in a fine of up to \$1,000, (ss. 106.19(1)(c), 106.265(1), Florida Statutes).



Complaint numbers: 16-354; 16-355; 16-352; 16-351; and 16-350

Marsha A. Poppell

to:

'keith.smith@myfloridalegal.com'

04/28/2017 03:43 PM

Hide Details

From: "Marsha A. Poppell" <MPoppell@shutts.com>

To: "'keith.smith@myfloridalegal.com'" <keith.smith@myfloridalegal.com>

1 Attachment



Keith Smith ltr 042817.pdf

Mr. Smith:

Attached please find correspondence from Mr. Gonzalez regarding the above referenced complaint numbers.

Thanks so much.

Shutts

Marsha A. Poppell

Legal Assistant

Shutts & Bowen LLP

215 South Monroe Street, Suite 804 | Tallahassee, FL 32301

Direct: (850) 521-0600 x6612 | Fax: (850) 521-0604

[E-Mail](#) | [Website](#)



JASON GONZALEZ
PARTNER
Shutts & Bowen LLP
215 South Monroe Street
Suite 804
Tallahassee, Florida 32301
DIRECT (850) 521-0600
FAX (850) 521-0604
EMAIL JasonGonzalez@shutts.com

April 28, 2017

VIA U.S. MAIL AND E-MAIL

Mr. Keith Smith, Investigator
Florida Elections Commission
107 West Gaines Street
Collins Building, Suite 224
Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1050
keith.smith@myfloridalegal.com

RE: In re: JOHN SHUFF; Case No.: FEC 16-354;
In re: CHRIS RUSSELL; Case No.: FEC 16-355
In re: RICHARD HARDEN; Case No.: FEC 16-352;
In re: GORDON MILLENDER; Case No.: FEC 16-351; and
In re: RALPH THOMAS; Case No.: FEC 16-350

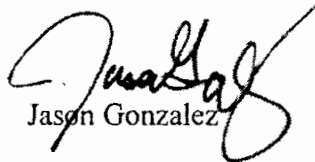
Dear Mr. Smith:

Our client, Mr. Chris Russell, previously filed a response to the affidavit sent by the Florida Elections Commission, case number FEC 16-355. For cases FEC 16-350-52, and FEC 16-354, Messrs. Shuff, Harden, Millender, and Thomas would like to rely upon the answers provided in that previously filed response, and will not be filing separate affidavits.

Our clients continue to maintain that the complaint filed against them fails to state a claim, as it does not allege any legally sufficient violation of Chapter 104 or 106, Florida Statutes. As such, the complaint should be dismissed in its entirety.

Please feel free to contact me with any further questions. Thank you for your consideration in this regard.

Respectfully submitted,



Jason Gonzalez



JASON GONZALEZ
 PARTNER
 Shutts & Bowen LLP
 215 South Monroe Street
 Suite 804
 Tallahassee, Florida 32301
 DIRECT (850) 521-0600
 FAX (850) 521-0604
 EMAIL JasonGonzalez@shutts.com

KS

April 28, 2017

VIA U.S. MAIL AND E-MAIL

Mr. Keith Smith, Investigator
 Florida Elections Commission
 107 West Gaines Street
 Collins Building, Suite 224
 Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1050
keith.smith@myfloridalegal.com

RECEIVED
 2017 MAY -2 P 1:41
 STATE OF FLORIDA
 ELECTIONS COMMISSION

RE: In re: JOHN SHUFF; Case No.: FEC 16-354;
 In re: CHRIS RUSSELL; Case No.: FEC 16-355
 In re: RICHARD HARDEN; Case No.: FEC 16-352;
 In re: GORDON MILLENDER; Case No.: FEC 16-351; and
 In re: RALPH THOMAS; Case No.: FEC 16-350

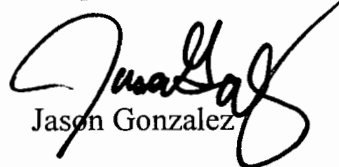
Dear Mr. Smith:

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Our clients continue to maintain that the complaint filed against them fails to state a claim, as it does not allege any legally sufficient violation of Chapter 104 or 106, Florida Statutes. As such, the complaint should be dismissed in its entirety.

Please feel free to contact me with any further questions. Thank you for your consideration in this regard.

Respectfully submitted,


 Jason Gonzalez



Notices of Appearance - Complaint numbers : 16-354; 16-355; 16-352; 16-351; and 16-350

Marsha A. Poppell

to:

'Florida Elections Commission'

04/26/2017 12:27 PM

Cc:

Renatha Francis

Hide Details

From: "Marsha A. Poppell" <MPoppell@shutts.com>

To: 'Florida Elections Commission' <fec@myfloridalegal.com>

Cc: Renatha Francis <RFrancois@shutts.com>

History: This message has been replied to.

1 Attachment



Notices of Appearance.pdf

Good afternoon:

Attached please find Notices of Appearance for the above referenced complaint numbers.

Thanks.

Shutts

Marsha A. Poppell

Legal Assistant

Shutts & Bowen LLP

215 South Monroe Street, Suite 804 | Tallahassee, FL 32301

Direct: (850) 521-0600 x6612 | Fax: (850) 521-0604

[E-Mail](#) | [Website](#)

**STATE OF FLORIDA
FLORIDA ELECTIONS COMMISSION**

IN RE: JOHN SHUFF,

Case No.: FEC 16-354

Respondent
_____ /

NOTICE OF APPEARANCE

Renatha Francis of Shutts & Bowen LLP hereby provides notice of her appearance as co-counsel for Respondent John Shuff in this matter.

Respectfully submitted,

/s/ Renatha Francis

Renatha Francis (FBN 84181)

SHUTTS & BOWEN LLP

200 South Biscayne Boulevard, Suite 4100

Miami, Florida 33131

Telephone: (305) 415-9022

Email: rfrancis@shutts.com

Counsel for Respondent John Shuff

CERTIFICATE OF FILING

I hereby certify that a true copy of this document has been filed this 26th day of April, 2017,

with:

Erin Riley
Deputy Agency Clerk
Florida Elections Commission
107 West Gaines Street
Collins Building, Suite 224
Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1050
fcc@myfloridalegal.com



Notices of Substitution of Counsel - Complaint numbers : 16-354; 16-355; 16-352; 16-351;
16-350 and 16-418

Marsha A. Poppell

to:

'Florida Elections Commission'

04/18/2017 01:58 PM

Hide Details

From: "Marsha A. Poppell" <MPoppell@shutts.com>

To: 'Florida Elections Commission' <fec@myfloridalegal.com>

1 Attachment



Notices .pdf

Attached please find the Notices of Substitution of Counsel in the above referenced complaint numbers.

Thanks so much.

Shutts

Marsha A. Poppell

Legal Assistant

Shutts & Bowen LLP

215 South Monroe Street, Suite 804 | Tallahassee, FL 32301

Direct: (850) 521-0600 x6612 | Fax: (850) 521-0604

[E-Mail](#) | [Website](#)

**STATE OF FLORIDA
FLORIDA ELECTIONS COMMISSION**

IN RE: JOHN SHUFF,

Complaint No. 16-354

NOTICE OF SUBSTITUTION OF COUNSEL

Notice is hereby given that Daniel E. Nordby of Shutts & Bowen LLP is withdrawing as counsel for Respondent John Shuff in this proceeding. Mr. Nordby will be leaving the law firm of Shutts & Bowen within the week to accept employment in state government. Effective April 17, 2017, Respondent John Shuff will be represented in this proceeding by Jason Gonzalez of the law firm of Shutts & Bowen LLP.

/s/ Daniel Nordby

Daniel E. Nordby (FBN 014588)

Jason Gonzalez (FBN 146854)

SHUTTS & BOWEN LLP

215 South Monroe Street, Suite 804

Tallahassee, Florida 32301

Telephone: 850-521-0600

Email: dnordby@shutts.com

JasonGonzalez@shutts.com

MPoppell@shutts.com

Counsel for Respondent

CERTIFICATE OF FILING

I hereby certify that a true copy of this document has been filed via email on April 17, 2017,
with:

Agency Clerk
Florida Elections Commission
107 West Gaines Street
Collins Building, Suite 224
Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1050
fec@myfloridalegal.com

RECEIVED
STATE OF FLORIDA
FLORIDA ELECTIONS COMMISSION

2017 APR 19 A 10:00

IN RE: JOHN SHUFF,

STATE OF FLORIDA
FLORIDA ELECTIONS COMMISSION
Complaint No. 16-354

NOTICE OF SUBSTITUTION OF COUNSEL

Notice is hereby given that Daniel E. Nordby of Shutts & Bowen LLP is withdrawing as counsel for Respondent John Shuff in this proceeding. Mr. Nordby will be leaving the law firm of Shutts & Bowen within the week to accept employment in state government. Effective April 17, 2017, Respondent John Shuff will be represented in this proceeding by Jason Gonzalez of the law firm of Shutts & Bowen LLP.

/s/ Daniel Nordby

Daniel E. Nordby (FBN 014588)
Jason Gonzalez (FBN 146854)
SHUTTS & BOWEN LLP
215 South Monroe Street, Suite 804
Tallahassee, Florida 32301
Telephone: 850-521-0600
Email: dnordby@shutts.com
JasonGonzalez@shutts.com
MPoppell@shutts.com

Counsel for Respondent

CERTIFICATE OF FILING

I hereby certify that a true copy of this document has been filed via email on April 17, 2017, with:

Agency Clerk
Florida Elections Commission
107 West Gaines Street
Collins Building, Suite 224
Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1050
fec@myfloridalegal.com



FLORIDA ELECTIONS COMMISSION

107 W. Gaines Street
Collins Building, Suite 224
Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1050
(850) 922-4539

December 23, 2016

Daniel E. Nordby, Esquire
Shutts & Bowen LLP
215 S Monroe Street, Suite 804
Tallahassee, FL 32301

RE: Case No.: FEC 16-354: Respondent: John Shuff

Dear Mr. Nordby:

The Florida Elections Commission has received **an amended complaint** alleging that your client, the Respondent, has violated Section 106.143(3), Florida Statutes, on one occasion. A copy of the complaint was previously provided to you.

Rule 2B-1.003, Florida Administrative Code, provides for resolving certain cases by a consent order before investigation commences. Under the rule, an alleged violation of Chapter 106 will be considered a minor violation if the following criteria are met:

- (1) The violation is one identified in the rule;
- (2) It is the first time the person is alleged to have committed the violation;
- (3) The person agrees to correct the conduct that resulted in the violation, if feasible; and
- (4) When a violation involves political advertising, the person must be named in the political advertisement and the complainant must not allege that the advertising was either deceptive or influenced the outcome of the election if the violation occurred less than 14 days before the election.

This case meets the criteria set forth above. Therefore, the procedures of the Commission allow you one of two options at this juncture. You may either, (1) enter into a consent order with the Commission staff and pay a small fine, rather than the potential \$1,000 per violation provided for in Section 106.265, Florida Statutes, or (2) not enter into a consent order, in which case the staff will proceed to investigate the allegations in the complaint. The consent order provides that the Respondent neither admits nor denies the allegation(s) in the complaint, and requires the Respondent immediately to correct the violation, if feasible, and to avoid future violations. The consent order does not constitute final action by the Commission until it is accepted and approved by the Commission.

If you choose to resolve this case without an investigation and possible hearing, please sign and return the enclosed consent order, together with payment of the specified fine, within 20 days of the date you receive this letter. Payment of the fine must be by either cashier's check or other certified funds. The signed consent order will then be considered by the Commission at its next available meeting. If the staff does not receive the signed consent order and the fine within 20 days, staff withdraws this offer of settlement and will proceed to investigate the allegations in the complaint.

If you choose to proceed with the investigation, the Commission staff will investigate the following statutory provision:

Section 106.143(3), Florida Statutes: Respondent, a 2016 candidate for Wakulla County Commission, District 3, campaigned based on his party affiliation, even though the office for which he was running was nonpartisan, as alleged in the complaint.

You may respond to the violation alleged in the complaint by filing a notarized statement providing any information regarding the facts and circumstances surrounding the allegation. If you choose to file a response to the complaint, you should file the response within 20 days of the date you receive this letter. Your response will be included as an attachment to the investigator's report.

Section 106.25, Florida Statutes, provides that when the investigator completes his or her report, staff will mail you a copy of the investigator's report. Should you choose to file a response to the report, you must file your response with the Commission within 15 days of the date of this letter. If your response is timely filed, the Commission will consider it when determining probable cause.

Commission staff will review the Report of Investigation and make a written recommendation to the Commission on whether there is probable cause to charge you with violating Chapter 104 or 106, Florida Statutes. You will receive a copy of this staff recommendation and will have the opportunity to file a response. Should you choose to do so, your response must be filed with the Commission within 15 days of the date the recommendation is mailed to you. If your response is timely filed, the Commission will consider it when determining probable cause.

The Commission will hold a hearing to determine whether there is probable cause to charge you with a violation. You will receive a notice of hearing at least 14 days before the hearing. The notice of hearing will indicate the location, date, and time of your hearing. If you attend the hearing, you will be permitted to make a brief oral statement to the Commission, but you cannot testify or call others to testify, or introduce any documentary or other evidence.

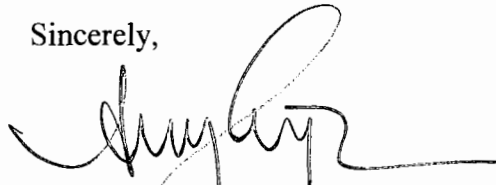
The staff recommendation and the notice of the probable cause hearing will be mailed to the same address as this letter. Therefore, if your address changes, you must notify the Commission of your new address. Otherwise, you may not receive the correspondence from the Commission staff. Failure to receive the documents will not delay the probable cause hearing.

Under section 106.25, Florida Statutes, complaints, Commission investigations, investigative reports, and other documents relating to an alleged violation of Chapters 104 and 106, Florida Statutes, are **confidential** until the Commission finds probable cause or no probable cause. A breach of confidentiality is a criminal violation of the law. The confidentiality

provision does not apply to the person filing the complaint. However, it does apply to you, the Respondent, unless you waive confidentiality in writing. The confidentiality provision does not preclude you from seeking legal counsel. However, if you retain counsel, your attorney must file a notice of appearance with the Commission before any member of the Commission staff can discuss this case with him or her.

If you have any questions, please contact **Cole Kekelis**, at extension 106, or at the address listed above.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Amy Toman', with a long horizontal flourish extending to the right.

Amy McKeever Toman
Executive Director

Enclosures: Consent Order
AMT/enr



Notices of Appearance

Marsha A. Poppell

to:

'Florida Elections Commission'

12/07/2016 04:56 PM

Cc:

"Daniel E. Nordby"

Hide Details

From: "Marsha A. Poppell" <MPoppell@shutts.com>

To: 'Florida Elections Commission' <fec@myfloridalegal.com>

Cc: "Daniel E. Nordby" <DNordby@shutts.com>

7 Attachments



FEC 16-350.pdf FEC 16-351.pdf FEC 16-352.pdf FEC 16-353.pdf ~~FEC 16-354.pdf~~ FEC 16-355.pdf



FEC 16-356.pdf

Good afternoon:

Attached please find Notices of Appearance for the following case numbers: FEC 16-350; FEC 16-351; FEC 16-352; FEC 16-353; FEC 16-354; FEC 16-355; and FEC 16-356.

Thanks and have a great evening.

Shutts

Marsha A. Poppell

Legal Assistant

Shutts & Bowen LLP

215 South Monroe Street, Suite 804 | Tallahassee, FL 32301

Direct: (850) 521-0600 | Fax: (850) 521-0604

[E-Mail](#) | [Website](#)

**STATE OF FLORIDA
FLORIDA ELECTIONS COMMISSION**

IN RE: JOHN SHUFF,

Case No.: FEC 16-354

Respondent
_____ /

NOTICE OF APPEARANCE

Daniel E. Nordby of Shutts & Bowen LLP hereby provides notice of his appearance as counsel for Respondent John Shuff in this matter.

Respectfully submitted,

/s/ Daniel Nordby

Daniel E. Nordby (FBN 014588)
SHUTTS & BOWEN LLP
215 South Monroe Street, Suite 804
Tallahassee, Florida 32301
Telephone: 850-521-0600
Email: dnordby@shutts.com

Counsel for Respondent John Shuff

CERTIFICATE OF FILING

I hereby certify that a true copy of this document has been filed this 7th day of December,

2016, with:

Erin Riley
Deputy Agency Clerk
Florida Elections Commission
107 West Gaines Street
Collins Building, Suite 224
Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1050
fec@myfloridalegal.com

STATE OF FLORIDA
FLORIDA ELECTIONS COMMISSION

107 West Gaines Street, Suite 224, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1050
Telephone Number: (850) 922-4539
www.fec.state.fl.us

CONFIDENTIAL ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FORM

Case Number: FEC 16-354

Pursuant to Rule 2B-1.0025, Florida Rules of Administrative Procedure, if you have additional information to correct the ground(s) of legal insufficiency stated in the attached letter, please explain below and attach any relevant documentation to this form:

*Please attached;
see affidavit
2) Shum's drive
video.*

OATH
STATE OF FLORIDA
COUNTY OF Wakulla

I swear or affirm, that the above information is true and correct to the best of my knowledge.

[Signature]
Original Signature of Person Bringing Complaint

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 7th day of November, 2016



[Signature]
Signature of Officer Authorized to Administer Oaths or Notary public.

Kelley Dettmer
(Print, Type, or Stamp Commissioned Name of Notary Public)

Personally known _____ Or Produced Identification 1

Type of Identification Produced [Redacted]

Any person who files a complaint while knowing that the allegations are false or without merit commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in Sections 775.082 and 775.083, Florida Statutes.

Hugh Taylor
1357 Martin Luther King Rd.
Crawfordville, Fl. 32327
11/6/16

RE: Response/Addendum to Case No.: 7EC
16-354

Respondent: JOHN SHUFF

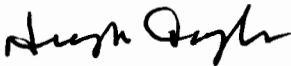
This addendum is in response to the Florida Elections Commission letter dated October 25, 2016, allowing me to provide additional information to correct the ground(s) of insufficiency in the case cited above.

I quote your letter to me: "...you do not provide any evidence other than the newspaper articles to support you allegations about Respondent's involvement with the forum . . .As such, you complaint is based on hearsay, *rather than personal information* or information other than hearsay and it is legally insufficient pursuant to Section 106.25, Florida Statutes."

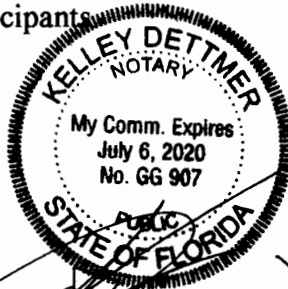
As I am permitted to supply additional information that "corrects the stated ground(s) of insufficiency," I am submitting the *attached affidavit and video* to reflect and support my original complaint. This should remove all doubt about both my original complaint and the newspaper article attached to my original complaint.

While I did not personally witness the actions alleged in the complaint, the attached affidavit and video clarify the allegations in my complaint and cure the hearsay objections of the commission with a first person affidavit and video of the event and participants.

Cordially,



Hugh Taylor




AFFIDAVIT

State of Florida

County of Wakulla

I, Carrie A. Hess, swear that I attended the "Wakulla County Republican Executive Committee Republican Candidates Forum" where on the Wakulla County Chamber of Commerce website, the public was invited to "come out to the Senior Citizens Center and meet the Republican Candidates running for all local offices (BOCC, Sheriff, Property Appraiser)..." held on August 11th, 2016 and that I recorded the proceedings on my camera in seven parts, which recordings have been accurately transferred from the original recordings to the thumb drives submitted with this affidavit. Recording in seven parts were necessary due to limitations of my camera.

[Handwritten signature]

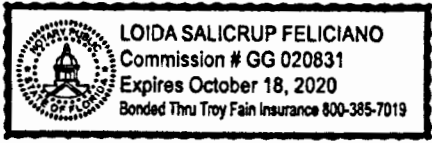


expiration: 7-12-2022

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 5 day of November, 2016

[Handwritten signature]

Notary Public



Loida Salicrup Feliciano

Print or stamp name of notary public

NOTARY SEAL



FLORIDA ELECTIONS COMMISSION

**107 W. Gaines Street
Collins Building, Suite 224
Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1050
Telephone: (850) 922-4539
Fax: (850) 921-0783**

October 25, 2016

Hugh Taylor
1357 Martin Luther King Jr. Road
Crawfordville, FL 32327

RE: Case No.: FEC 16-354; Respondent: John Shuff

Dear Mr. Taylor:

The Florida Elections Commission has received your complaint alleging violations of Florida's election laws. I have reviewed your complaint and find it to be legally insufficient.

The essential allegation of your complaint is that Respondent, a 2016 candidate for Wakulla County Commission, District 3, campaigned based on party affiliation in a non-partisan election. You also allege that Respondent aided and abetted "the REC," but you do not offer any explanation or facts to support this allegation.

In support of your complaint, you provided several news articles that reference a candidate forum that was sponsored by the Wakulla County Republican Executive Committee "exclusively for registered Republican candidates." One of the articles notes that Respondent attended the forum.

While it appears that the kind of forum described by the news articles could result in a violation of Section 106.143(3), Florida Statutes, by participating candidates, you do not provide any evidence other than the newspaper articles that Respondent participated in the forum. As such, your complaint is based on hearsay, rather than on personal information or information other than hearsay, and it is legally insufficient pursuant to Section 106.25, Florida Statutes.

If you have additional information to correct the stated ground(s) of insufficiency, please submit it within 14 days of the date of this letter. If we do not receive additional information that corrects the stated grounds of insufficiency, this case will be closed. For your convenience, enclosed is a form for your use in submitting additional information. If you submit an additional statement containing facts, you must sign the statement and have your signature notarized. In addition, any additional facts you submit to the Commission must be based on either personal information or information other than hearsay.

Until this case is closed, section 106.25(7), Florida Statutes, provides that the Respondent may not disclose this letter, the complaint, or any document related to this case, unless he or she waives confidentiality in writing. To waive confidentiality, the Respondent must mail or fax a written waiver of confidentiality to Donna Ann Malphurs at the address or fax number listed above.

If you have any questions concerning the complaint, please contact us at fec@myfloridalegal.com.

Sincerely,



Amy McKeever Toman
Executive Director

AMT/enr

Enclosure: Additional Information Form

cc: John Shuff, Respondent w/out Enclosure



FLORIDA ELECTIONS COMMISSION

107 W. Gaines Street
Collins Building, Suite 224
Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1050
Telephone: (850) 922-4539
Fax: (850) 921-0783

October 25, 2016

Hugh Taylor
1357 Martin Luther King Jr. Road
Crawfordville, FL 32327

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If you have any questions concerning the complaint, please contact us at fec@myfloridalegal.com.

Sincerely,



Amy McKeever Toman
Executive Director

AMT/enr

Enclosure: Additional Information Form

cc: John Shuff, Respondent w/out Enclosure

**STATE OF FLORIDA
FLORIDA ELECTIONS COMMISSION**

107 West Gaines Street, Suite 224, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1050
Telephone Number: (850) 922-4539
www.fec.state.fl.us

CONFIDENTIAL ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FORM

Case Number: **FEC 16-354**

Pursuant to Rule 2B-1.0025, Florida Rules of Administrative Procedure, if you have additional information to correct the ground(s) of legal insufficiency stated in the attached letter, please explain below and attach any relevant documentation to this form:

OATH
STATE OF FLORIDA
COUNTY OF _____

I swear or affirm, that the above information is true and correct to the best of my knowledge.

Original Signature of Person Bringing Complaint

Sworn to and subscribed before me this _____ day of _____, 20 _____

Signature of Officer Authorized to Administer Oaths or Notary public.

(Print, Type, or Stamp Commissioned Name of Notary Public)

Personally known _____ Or Produced Identification _____

Type of Identification Produced _____

Any person who files a complaint while knowing that the allegations are false or without merit commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in Sections 775.082 and 775.083, Florida Statutes.

John Shuff
87 Tupelo Drive
Crawfordville, FL 32327
(850) 567-3989

RECEIVED
2016 SEP -8 P 2:57
STATE OF FLORIDA
ELECTIONS COMMISSION

Florida Elections Commission
107 W. Gaines Street
Suite 224 Collins Building
Tallahassee, FL 32399-1050

RE: Case No.: FEC 16-354; Respondent John Shuff

To whom it may concern,

In accordance with Florida Statutes, Section 106.25(2), please accept this letter as my official response to the complaint filed by Mr. Hugh Taylor. I have reviewed the entirety of the complaint filed by Mr. Taylor. It is my understanding that Mr. Taylor's complaint contains two alleged violations of Florida Statutes. I have listed both of Mr. Taylor's alleged violations below along with my responses.

Alleged Violation #1

"In attending the partisan Republican Forum, the subject violated 104.43.3(3) in that he campaigned as a Republican Party member in a non-partisan Wakulla County."

Response #1

I believe Mr. Taylor intended to reference Florida Statute 106.143(3). Mr. Taylor alleges that my attendance at an event is a violation of 106.143(3). The entirety of 106.143 pertains to **"Political advertisements circulated prior to election; requirements"**. Paragraph (3), specifically pertains to **political advertisement** of a candidate running for partisan and non-partisan office. 106.143(3) does not pertain to attending an event or "the spoken word in direct conversation", it pertains to **political advertisement**. Florida Statute 106.011(15) states, **"Political advertisement" means a paid expression in a communications medium prescribed in subsection (4), whether radio, television, newspaper, magazine, periodical, campaign literature, direct mail, or display or by means other than the spoken word in direct conversation, which expressly advocates the election or defeat of a candidate or the approval or rejection of an issue.** Mr. Taylor's complaint did not include a single document or other evidence that I utilized a **political advertisement circulated prior to election** in violation of 106.143. I respectfully request that a finding of legally insufficient be determined on alleged violation #1.

Alleged Violation #2

"Additionally, subject violated the following statute (104.091 below) by aiding, agreeing to attend, confederating, combined with, knew of the felony violation, gave aid to the offender who violated the code (the REC).

Response #2

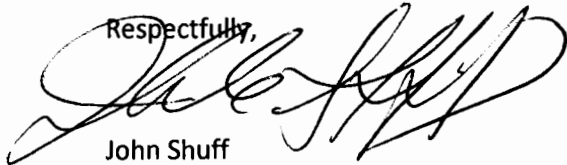
As mentioned in response #1, Mr. Taylor incorrectly referred to Florida Statute 104.43.3(3), in his alleged violation #1, therefore, only one of his alleged violations pertain to Florida Statute 104, specifically 104.091. 104.091 pertains to **"Aiding, abetting, advising, or conspiring in violation of the code"**. In other words, there would have to be a violation of at least one additional section of the

Election Code, Florida Statute 104 in order to make an accusation of **“aiding, abetting, advising, or conspiring in violation of the code”**. Since Mr. Taylor’s complaint did not allege a violation of another section of Florida Statute 104, there is no basis for the accusation that I have also violated 104.091 by **“aiding, abetting, advising, or conspiring in violation of the code”**. I respectfully request that a finding of legally insufficient be determined on alleged violation #2.

Given the lack of documents or other evidence to support Mr. Taylor’s complaint, I respectfully request that a finding of legally insufficient be determined on this complaint.

I appreciate your assistance with this matter.

Respectfully,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'John Shuff', written in a cursive style.

John Shuff



Re: election complaint
 JOHN SHUFF
 to:
 Florida Elections Commission
 09/07/2016 06:51 AM
 Hide Details
 From: JOHN SHUFF <jwshuff3@yahoo.com>
 To: Florida Elections Commission <fec@myfloridalegal.com>
 Please respond to JOHN SHUFF <jwshuff3@yahoo.com>

1 Attachment



FEC response signed.tiff

For Erin Riley- please find my response to the complaint enclosed, I will follow this up with a mailed hard copy

Thank You

John Shuff
850-567-3989

On Friday, August 26, 2016 2:07 PM, Florida Elections Commission <fec@myfloridalegal.com> wrote:

Thank you

JOHN SHUFF ---08/26/2016 12:12:30 PM---Good Afternoon Erin Riley: By virtue of this email and as described in the letter received from you

From: JOHN SHUFF <jwshuff3@yahoo.com>
 To: "fec@myfloridalegal.com" <fec@myfloridalegal.com>
 Date: 08/26/2016 12:12 PM
 Subject: election complaint

Good Afternoon Erin Riley:

By virtue of this email and as described in the letter received from you in reference to FEC 16-354, please accept my written waiver to confidentiality for this matter.

Please contact me via this email address jwshuff3@yahoo.com or via cell phone at 850-567-3989 should you have any comments, or concerns, pertaining to this waiver.

Sincerely

John Shuff
850-567-3989

John Shuff
87 Tupelo Drive
Crawfordville, FL 32327
(850) 567-3989

Florida Elections Commission
107 W. Gaines Street
Suite 224 Collins Building
Tallahassee, FL 32399-1050

RE: Case No.: FEC 16-354; Respondent John Shuff

To whom it may concern,

In accordance with Florida Statutes, Section 106.25(2), please accept this letter as my official response to the complaint filed by Mr. Hugh Taylor. I have reviewed the entirety of the complaint filed by Mr. Taylor. It is my understanding that Mr. Taylor's complaint contains two alleged violations of Florida Statutes. I have listed both of Mr. Taylor's alleged violations below along with my responses.

Alleged Violation #1

"In attending the partisan Republican Forum, the subject violated 104.43.3(3) in that he campaigned as a Republican Party member in a non-partisan Wakulla County."

Response #1

I believe Mr. Taylor intended to reference Florida Statute 106.143(3). Mr. Taylor alleges that my attendance at an event is a violation of 106.143(3). The entirety of 106.143 pertains to "**Political advertisements circulated prior to election; requirements**". Paragraph (3), specifically pertains to **political advertisement** of a candidate running for partisan and non-partisan office. 106.143(3) does not pertain to attending an event or "the spoken word in direct conversation", it pertains to **political advertisement**. Florida Statute 106.011(15) states, "'Political advertisement' means a paid expression in a communications medium prescribed in subsection (4), whether radio, television, newspaper, magazine, periodical, campaign literature, direct mail, or display or by means **other than the spoken word in direct conversation**, which expressly advocates the election or defeat of a candidate or the approval or rejection of an issue." Mr. Taylor's complaint did not include a single document or other evidence that I utilized a **political advertisement circulated prior to election** in violation of 106.143. I respectfully request that a finding of legally insufficient be determined on alleged violation #1.

Alleged Violation #2

"Additionally, subject violated the following statute (104.091 below) by aiding, agreeing to attend, confederating, combined with, knew of the felony violation, gave aid to the offender who violated the code (the REC).

Response #2

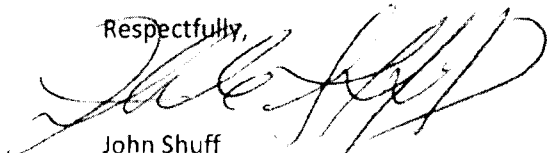
As mentioned in response #1, Mr. Taylor incorrectly referred to Florida Statute 104.43.3(3), in his alleged violation #1, therefore, only one of his alleged violations pertain to Florida Statute 104, specifically 104.091. 104.091 pertains to "**Aiding, abetting, advising, or conspiring in violation of the code**". In other words, there would have to be a violation of at least one additional section of the

Election Code, Florida Statute 104 in order to make an accusation of **“aiding, abetting, advising, or conspiring in violation of the code”**. Since Mr. Taylor’s complaint did not allege a violation of another section of Florida Statute 104, there is no basis for the accusation that I have also violated 104.091 by **“aiding, abetting, advising, or conspiring in violation of the code”**. I respectfully request that a finding of legally insufficient be determined on alleged violation #2.

Given the lack of documents or other evidence to support Mr. Taylor’s complaint, I respectfully request that a finding of legally insufficient be determined on this complaint.

I appreciate your assistance with this matter.

Respectfully,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'John Shuff', written over the printed name.

John Shuff



election complaint

JOHN SHUFF

to:

fec@myfloridalegal.com

08/26/2016 12:12 PM

Hide Details

From: JOHN SHUFF <jwshuff3@yahoo.com>

To: "fec@myfloridalegal.com" <fec@myfloridalegal.com>

Please respond to JOHN SHUFF <jwshuff3@yahoo.com>

Good Afternoon Erin Riley:

By virtue of this email and as described in the letter received from you in reference to FEC 16-354, please accept my written waiver to confidentiality for this matter.

Please contact me via this email address jwshuff3@yahoo.com or via cell phone at 850-567-3989 should you have any comments, or concerns, pertaining to this waiver.

Sincerely

John Shuff
850-567-3989

STATE OF FLORIDA
FLORIDA ELECTIONS COMMISSION

107 West Gaines Street, Suite 224, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1050
Telephone Number: (850) 922-4539
www.fec.state.fl.us

RECEIVED

2016 AUG 19 1 P 1:22

CONFIDENTIAL COMPLAINT FORM

The Commission's records and proceedings in a case are confidential until the Commission determines the cause. A copy of the complaint will be provided to the person against whom the complaint is brought.

1. PERSON BRINGING COMPLAINT:

Name: HUBH TA 41012 Work Phone: (850) 926 6158
Address: 1357 MLK RD Home Phone: ()
City: CRAWFORDVILLE County: WAKULLA State: FL Zip Code: 32327

2. PERSON AGAINST WHOM COMPLAINT IS BROUGHT:

A person can be an individual, political committee, committee of continuous existence, political party, electioneering communication organization, club, corporation, partnership, company, association, or any other type of organization. (If you intend to name more than one individual or entity, please file multiple complaints.)

Name of individual or entity: JOHN SHUTT
Address: 87 TAPELO DR Phone: () 41K
City: CRAWFORDVILLE County: WAKULLA State: FL Zip Code: 32327

If individual is a candidate, list the office or position sought WAKULLA COUNTY COMMISSION

Have you filed this complaint with the State Attorney's Office? (check one) Yes No

3. ALLEGED VIOLATION(S):

Please list the provisions of The Florida Election Code that you believe the person named above may have violated. The Commission has jurisdiction only to investigation the following provisions: Chapter 104, Chapter 106, and Section 105.071, Florida Statutes. Also, please include:

- ✓ The facts and actions that you believe support the violations you allege,
- ✓ The names and telephone numbers of persons you believe may be witnesses to the facts,
- ✓ A copy or picture of the political advertisements you mention in your statement,
- ✓ A copy of the documents you mention in your statement, and
- ✓ Other evidence that supports your allegations.

SEE ATTACHED

Additional materials attached (check one)? Yes No

4. OATH

STATE OF FLORIDA
COUNTY OF Wakulla

I swear or affirm, that the above information is true and correct to the best of my knowledge.

[Signature]
Original Signature of Person Bringing Complaint

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 19th day of
August, 2016

[Signature]
Signature of Officer Authorized to Administer Oaths or Notary public.

RECEIVED
2016 AUG 19 1 P 1:22
STATE OF FLORIDA
ELECTIONS COMMISSION



(Print, Type, or Stamp Commissioned Name of Notary Public)
Personally known _____ Or Produced Identification DL
Type of Identification Produced DL

Any person who files a complaint while knowing that the allegations are false or without merit commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in Sections 775.082 and 775.083, Florida Statutes.

Republican Party Executive Committee
Wakulla County, Florida

ADDENDUM TO ELECTIONS COMPLAINT
8/19/16

NARRATIVE AND EXHIBITS

1. Wakulla County, Florida, is a charter county. The county recently amended its charter. Article 2.1 plainly states all elections are to be nonpartisan (see attached exhibit "A").

Regardless of whether the subject to the complaint knew about the nonpartisan section of the charter, they 1)., should have known, and 2). Ignorance is no excuse

2. On 7/21 The Republican Party announced a partisan forum to be held August 11th (see attached article from "The Wakulla News,"). And I quote: "REC Chairman *Chris Russell advised that the executive Committee felt it was vitally important to allow the voters an opportunity to hear firsthand from the Republican candidates* that may ultimately represent them" (exhibit "B" attached).

The subject either was advised by the Republican Executive committee or read the article or should have read the article.

3. A citizen, Al Shylkofski, after reading the article wrote the Supervisor of elections about the Republican forum and received an email stating both the statute and the penalties for violating statutes 104.43 and 104.271 (exhibit "C" attached)

4. In a Facebook post (undated exhibit "D attached, a representative of the Wakulla County Republican Party or Mr. Chris Russell arrogantly poo-pooed Mr. Shylkofski's concerns.

The subject either was aware of the Facebook post or, as a member of the Republican Party, should have known; failing that, there was enough notice (see #5 below)

5. Mr. Shylkofski then wrote a letter to the Wakulla News, 8/14/16, Questioning the legality of the partisan Republican forum the Republican Executive committee, chaired by Mr. Chris Russell and the danger Mr. Russell and the Republican executive committee were putting Republican candidates in.

Again, the subject either was not aware of the Wakulla News article or should have been aware.

6. The partisan Republican forum was held 8/11 and the news article (exhibit "F" attached) In The Wakulla News reflected the fact that the Wakulla Supervisor of Elections "warned that the Republicans were 'on thin ice.'" Relative to the forum. Additionally Mr. Russell "referred to the controversy, but indirectly, reassuring the attendees and candidates that 'This is not a problem . . .'"

Regardless of the foregoing, the fact that 1). The "controversy" was mentioned (and discounted) at Partisan Republican forum the subject attended and that the Wakulla County Sheriff made the following announcement (Exhibit "F" attached) "Sherriff Charlie Creel, in an abundance of caution, told the crowd that, on the advice of his attorney, he would not speak at the event."

In summation:

There being no doubt Wakulla County is a Charter county, and the Republican Executive committee *and*

The Republican Executive Committee (REC) planned a partisan "forum," exclusively for Republican, for up-coming nonpartisan elections, I quote the following statutes:

104.43.3(3):

"(3)Any political advertisement of a candidate running for partisan office shall express the name of the political party of which the candidate is seeking nomination or is the nominee. If the candidate for partisan office is running as a candidate with no party affiliation, any political advertisement of the candidate must state that the candidate has no party affiliation.

A political advertisement of a candidate running for *nonpartisan office may not state the candidate's political party affiliation*. This section does not prohibit a political advertisement from stating the candidate's partisan-related experience. **A candidate for nonpartisan office is prohibited from campaigning based on party affiliation.**"

In attending the partisan Republican Forum, the subject violated 104.43.3(3) in that he campaigned as a Republican Party member in a non-partisan Wakulla County.

Additionally, subject violated the following statute (104.091 below) by aiding, agreeing to attend, confederating, combined with, knew of the felony violation, gave aid to the offender who violated the code (the REC).

104.091 Aiding, abetting, advising, or conspiring in violation of the code (Chapter. 104)

(1) Any person, who knowingly aids, abets, or advises the violation of this code shall be punished in like manner as the principal offender.

(2) Any person who agrees, conspires, combines, or confederates with another person to commit a violation of this code shall be punished as if he or she had committed the violation.

(3) Any person who knows of a felony violation of this code and gives any aid to the offender who has violated the code, with intent that the offender avoid or escape detection, arrest, trial or punishment, shall be punished as if he or she had committed the violation. This subsection does not prohibit a member of The Florida Bar from giving legal advice to a client.

The statues are clear. Subject violated the code by attending a partisan forum in a nonpartisan county, and campaigning as a Republican in a nonpartisan county and telling or inviting others to attend the forum and should be prosecuted to the fullest extend of the law.

E" H 2 B 1 T "A" 4

Wakulla County Charter Review Commission

Summary of Proposed Amended/Revised Articles

The following is a list of Articles for which the CRC has voted & approved to amend/revise:

- ✓ **Article 2.1 –**
 - All candidates shall be nonpartisan in the Primary election, settled by 50% + 1, the top 2 candidates shall go to the General election (unless in conflict w/ Supervisor of Elections Laws)
 - Shall be five single member districts for BOCC

- ✓ **Article 2.3 –**
 - Mandatory residency requirement – must provide a declaration/oath of living in district for 6 months prior to qualifying date. Must also provide 3 out of the following 4 other categories providing proof of residency: (1) vehicle registration; (2) voter registration card; (3) Florida Driver's License and/or Florida Identification Card; (4) a notarized statement of residency from home-owner, or homestead exemption card, or leasing/renting statement.
 -

- ✓ **Article 6 –**
 - Add a new subsection regarding "Special Elections/Referendums" that reads all referendums shall take place at the general election

- ✓ **Article 6.1 –**
 - Add language that reads 60% of the electors votes shall be required to pass charter amendments and ordinances.

- ✓ **Article 6.2 –**
 - All local officers shall be subject to recall

- ✓ **Article 7.4 –**
 - Each County Commissioner shall appoint 3 citizens to serve on the Charter Review Commission (totaling 15 members); 12 members shall make a quorum and 2/3 of the 12 members to pass a vote; and the CRC shall be appointed no more than 8 years apart
 - The BOCC shall provide CRC a list of no less than 3 attorneys before the 1st CRC meeting to allow CRC to rank and provide recommendation to the BOCC for approval

- ✓ **New Article –**
 - The BOCC shall adopt, and adhere to, a debt policy that regulates the acceptance, issuance, and management of debt. The BOCC shall also adhere to the fund balance policy.

(Revised June 9, 2014)

Republican Executive Committee plans forum Aug. 11

Special to The News

The Wakulla County Republican Executive Committee (REC) will be hosting a Republican Candidates Forum on Thursday Aug. 11, at the Senior Citizens Center, starting at 6:30 p.m.

REC Chairman Chris Russell advised that the Executive Committee felt it was vitally important to allow the voters an opportunity to hear firsthand from the Republican candidates that may ultimately represent them. The forum will feature candidates running for local, state, and federal office. He noted that 12 of the 14 candidates running for local office are registered Republicans and that the U.S. Congressional District 2 seat has an overwhelming high probability of being filled by a registered Republican. This complements the two school board seats that were up for election this cycle and will remain filled by Republicans as both of those candidates went unopposed.

Russell stated that the number of registered Republicans in Wakulla County has dramatically increased over the last couple of years and he credits that with local voters making a stronger stand on issues they hold dear, such as: constitutional rights, the protection of the unborn, and domestic security. He said more local Republicans are

now getting involved as candidates and pointed out the fact that for the first time in modern history, Wakulla County will elect both a Sheriff and a Property Appraiser, that are registered as Republicans. Mr. Russell closed by stating that he appreciated the Christian Coalition's willingness to re-schedule the event they previously planned for Aug. 11, that by doing so, more voters will now have an opportunity to hear firsthand from the candidates running to represent them.

The following candidate campaigns have confirmed they will be present at the forum: BOCC District 1 candidate Ralph Thomas, BOCC District 3 candidates John Shuff and Mike Stewart, BOCC District 5 candidates Richard Harden and Gordon Millender, Property Appraiser candidates Ed Brimmer, Brad Harvey, and Steve Remke, Sheriff candidates Charlie Creek, Jared Miller, and Bill Poole, Florida House of Representatives District 7 incumbent Halsey Beshears, State Attorney's Office candidate Pete Williams, and U.S. Congressional District 2 candidates Neal Dunn, Ken Sukhna, and Mary Thomas.

More information about the forum can be found at the REC's home facebook page: www.facebook.com/wakullarepublicans/

7/21/16
THE WAKULLA
NEWS.

EXHIBIT "B"

From: Henry Wells <hwells@mywakulla.com>
Date: July 28, 2016 at 10:05:04 AM CDT
To: "al@activecabling.com" <al@activecabling.com>
Subject: Nonpartisan Questions

EXHIBIT
C

Al,

See the information below for Nonpartisan offices and if we can be of further assistance contact the office.

97-021 (22) "Nonpartisan office" means an office for which a candidate is prohibited from campaigning or qualifying for election or retention in office based on party affiliation.

106-143 (3) Any political advertisement of a candidate running for partisan office shall express the name of the political party of which the candidate is seeking nomination or is the nominee. If the candidate for partisan office is running as a candidate with no party affiliation, any political advertisement of the candidate must state that the candidate has no party affiliation. A political advertisement of a candidate running for nonpartisan office may not state the candidate's political party affiliation.

This section does not prohibit a political advertisement from stating the candidate's partisan-related experience. A candidate for nonpartisan office is prohibited from campaigning based on party affiliation.

106-143 (11) Any person who willfully violates any provision of this section is subject to the civil penalties prescribed in s. 106.265.

106.265 Civil penalties.— (1) The commission or, in cases referred to the Division of Administrative Hearings pursuant to s. 106.25(5), the administrative law judge is authorized upon the finding of a violation of this chapter or chapter 104 to impose civil penalties in the form of fines not to exceed \$1,000 per count, or, if applicable, to impose a civil penalty as provided in s. 104.271 or s. 106.19. (2) In determining the amount of such civil penalties, the commission or administrative law judge shall consider, among other mitigating and aggravating circumstances: (a) The gravity of the act or omission; (b) Any previous history of similar acts or omissions; (c) The appropriateness of such penalty to the financial resources of the person, political committee, affiliated party committee, electioneering communications organization, or political party; and (d) Whether the person, political committee, affiliated party committee, electioneering communications organization, or political party has shown good faith in attempting to comply with the provisions of this chapter or chapter 104. (3) If any person, political committee, affiliated party committee, electioneering communications organization, or political party fails or refuses to pay to the commission any civil penalties assessed pursuant to the provisions of this section, the commission shall be responsible for collecting the civil penalties resulting from such action. (4) Any civil penalty collected pursuant to the provisions of this section shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund. (5) Any fine assessed pursuant to this chapter shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund. (6) In any case in which the commission determines that a person has filed a complaint against another person with a malicious intent to injure the reputation of the person complained against by filing the complaint with knowledge that the complaint contains one or more false allegations or with reckless disregard for whether the complaint contains false allegations of fact material to a violation of this chapter or chapter 104, the complainant shall be liable for costs and reasonable attorney's fees incurred in the defense of

the person complained against, including the costs and reasonable attorney's fees incurred in proving entitlement to and the amount of costs and fees. If the complainant fails to pay such costs and fees voluntarily within 30 days following such finding by the commission, the commission shall forward such information to the Department of Legal Affairs, which shall bring a civil action in a court of competent jurisdiction to recover the amount of such costs and fees awarded by the commission

Thank You

Henry F. Wells :Buddy" MFCEP

Wakulla County

Supervisor of Elections

850-926-7575

hwells@mywakulla.com

www.wakullaelection.com

EXHIBIT
"D"



Wakulla County Republican Party AI, your post disproved your own accusation of wrongdoing. I'll show you how. F.S. 106.143 pertains to "Political advertisements circulated prior to election". Please allow me to draw your attention to the word "advertisement". Follow me closely, it's very important that you understand, the statute you quoted applies to advertisements only, not others things that you would like to twist into the statute. You correctly quoted part of 106.143 (3) when you posted "A candidate for nonpartisan office is prohibited from campaigning based on party affiliation." Pay attention now, I don't want to lose or confuse you. Since the statute you quoted pertains to "advertising" and the quote you referenced pertains to "candidates", if you wish to defend your accusation of wrongdoing, you need to produce evidence of "A candidate for nonpartisan office" who is "campaigning based on party affiliation." I'm sure that you understand, the Wakulla County Republican Executive Committee is not a "candidate for nonpartisan office", therefore the statute you referenced is not applicable to the Wakulla County Republican Executive Committee. As a layperson, we understand how you you could be confused by Florida Statutes. We are happy to have this opportunity to clear up your misunderstanding. If this was an honest mistake by you, please leave an apology in the comments below and we will thank you for recognizing your mistake.

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The Opinion Page

READERS WRITE:

Public invited to coalition forum Aug. 8

Editor, The News:

We would love to invite everyone in the county to our first candidate forum, to be held Aug. 8, at 7 p.m. at the Wakulla County Public Library. This forum will be dedicated to those candidates running for office in county commission Districts 3 and 5.

The forum will be in a moderated forum format, with questions from the audience turned in to a moderator, with no questions directly from the floor.

Becoming informed is a civic duty, and we have offered these forums to help citizens know about the candidates and their positions.

on issues. Part of our mission is education and we can think of nothing better than making candidate positions and platforms available to the most people possible.

We believe all candidates should be included as the primary will turn out to be the election that could possibly elect a new commissioner, so we encourage all citizens to drop in and hear the candidates then get ready to vote.

Remember, early voting starts Aug. 20.

Thank you,

Jennie V. Jones
President
Wakulla County Christian Coalition

8/14/14
THE WAKULLA
NEWS
EXHIBIT
"E"

Disappointed about Republican 'forum'

Editor, The News:

I am disappointed by the actions of the Republican Executive Committee Chairman, Chris Russell and the Wakulla County Republican Party for advertising and scheduling a partisan forum whose participants are limited only to registered Republican candidates.

I am a registered Republican and believe the public is best served when they have the opportunity to see and hear all candidates.

Wakulla County's local elections are non-partisan (political party candidates not allowed) and according to Wakulla County's Supervisor of Elections Buddy Wells and Florida law F.S. 106.143, "A candidate for nonpartisan office is prohibited from campaigning based on

party affiliation.

There is no ambiguity in the Republican Executive Committee (REC) invitation. Chris Russell, the Republican Executive Committee chairman emphasizes that the GOP forum is exclusively for "registered Republican candidates" in a "Special to The News" report in the July 21, The Wakulla News, and on the Wakulla County Republican Party's Facebook page.

Russell, of all people, should know Florida's election laws on non-partisan elections, he led Wakulla County's Charter Review Committee, proposed by Wakulla County Commissioner Ralph Thomas that helped change Wakulla County elections to non-partisan races.

Now, Republican candidates, and arguably, Wakulla's Republican Party, face

a sticky situation. The REC's apparent disregard for Florida's elections laws puts Wakulla County's registered Republican candidates in a spot where they, running as non-partisan candidates attending this exclusive GOP forum could make themselves vulnerable to violating Florida's law.

It should not have to be said that Wakulla County's voters deserve an opportunity to ask questions of all candidates and hear them state their positions on how they would serve Wakulla County.

We should all strive to adhere to Florida's laws. Politicians who ignore our laws threaten the public's trust and our freedom.

Al Shylkofski
Crawfordville

Republican forum draws concern

Complaint reportedly filed with state claiming violation of non-partisan elections

By WILLIAM SNOWDEN
editor@thewakullanews.net

A forum held by Wakulla Republicans last week reportedly drew an elections complaint after local candidates who are registered Democrats were not invited to attend.

The state Elections Commission would not verify a complaint had been filed, but a person close to the matter confirmed that a complaint was filed on Friday, Aug. 12, the day after the forum, against the local executive committee and the candidates who attended.

All of Wakulla's local races are non-partisan - except the Superintendent of Schools. The political parties can still support candidates with money and other help, but the candidates are not allowed to campaign using their party affiliation.

At the senior center on Thursday night, the local party invited Republican candidates in local and area elections.



PHOTO BY WILLIAM SNOWDEN

The audience was standing-room only at the GOP forum on Thursday.

Chuck Hess and Nikki Barnes, two candidates in the non-partisan county commission races, were not invited because they are registered Democrats. Howard Kessler, who is a registered Republican, did not attend the forum out of concern that all candidates weren't invited.

Supervisor of Elections Buddy Wells met with Republican Party Chair Chris Russell about the concerns of possible violations and warned that the Republicans were "on thin ice."

Russell and the members of the executive committee reviewed the law and contend there is no violation.

At the start of the Thursday night forum,

which was attended by nearly 200 people and was standing-room only in the senior center, Russell referred to the controversy, but indirectly, reassuring attendees and candidates that "This is not a problem, and this is nothing new."

But many of the candidates who attended were unaware of the controversy and the threat of an election complaint. Some who were aware of the controversy said simply that they had received an invitation to speak and were going wherever they were invited.

Sheriff Charlie Creel, in an abundance of caution, told the crowd that, on the advice of his attorney, he would not speak at the event.

He offered to talk after the event - and walked away from the podium to silence and a few muffled boos.

Creel and the other two candidates for sheriff, Jared Miller and Bill Poole, are all registered Republicans. Miller had heard of the controversy and went ahead with his stump speech, while Poole was unaware of it and admitted afterwards that he was mystified by Creel's comments.

After the event, Russell would not talk on the record about the controversy.

It's not clear if the Democrats violated the non-partisan laws at their May gala at Wakulla Springs when Barnes and Hess spoke.

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Republican forum draws concern

From Front Page

there, but no other candidates spoke. (Barnes was chair of the local Democratic Party until she was required to step down when qualifying as a candidate for county commission.) There was no election complaint filed alleging a violation at the Democratic event.

CANDIDATES AT THE FORUM

Russell served as Master of Ceremonies at the forum, which included many candidates from local and area races. State Rep. Halsey Beshears, whose district includes Wakulla but who has no opposition for re-election, helped with timekeeping.

Republican congressional candidates Ken Sukhia, Mary Thomas and Neal Dunn gave their stump speeches.

Sukhia, a former federal prosecutor for the Northern District of Florida, said that "People run as conservatives and then govern as moderates." He painted himself as a law-and-order conservative who wants to defend the American way of life.

Thomas, an attorney in the office of Gov. Rick Scott, noted her endorsement by the NRA and said she is the only candidate in the race to endorse Donald Trump for president. That drew applause from the crowd, as it did when she repeated Trump's pledge to "Make America great again."

Dunn, a surgeon, said his three priorities in office will be health care, the economy, and national security. "The White House has more damage to the military than ISIS," he said.

Pete Williams, Republican candidate for state attorney and a former statewide prosecutor, spoke of the problems of different treatment for the same crimes under current state attorney, Willie Meggs, who is retiring and whom Williams never mentioned by name.

Williams vowed to spend one day a week in each county in the circuit to discuss local concerns. Williams will face a Democrat in the November general election, either Sean Desmond or Jack Campbell.

Local candidates at the event, in addition to the sheriff's candidates, included Ralph Thomas, running for re-election to county commission, district 1; Mike Stewart and John Shuff, candidates for district 3; Richard Harden and Gordon Millender for district 5; and two of the three candidates for property appraiser, Steve Ranke and Brad Harvey. Ed Brimmer was not at the event, and no reason was given for his absence.

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